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The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JULY 5, 1922.

SUPPLEMENT.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

[Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of five rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or seven rupees and eight annas if sent by post.]

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RESOLUTION ON THE REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE JAIL DEPARTMENT IN THE PRESIDENCY OF BENGAL FOR THE YEAR 1921.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

REVENUE

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READ—

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of the reforms contemplated by the Indian Jails Committee. The first definite sign of the permeation of the jails by the unrest caused by the non-co-operation movement was the outbreak at the Central Jail at Rajshahi, where a rumour had spread that the British Government had come to an end and that all prisoners were to be released. On the 24th March 1921, 669 out of 969 prisoners escaped; the majority were, however, recaptured. Outbreaks occurred subsequently on a small scale in the sub-jails at Serajganj and Netrakona. There were also conspiracies in some other jails which were suppressed in time. At the end of the year the movement affected the department in another way. The numerous arrests that were made in pursuance of the notifications issued under the Criminal Law Amendment Act, Part II, and similar laws put an unprecedented strain on the resources of the Jails Department. No less than 5,802 non-co-operation prisoners were admitted, Calcutta alone being responsible for 3,667. This necessitated opening a temporary jail, wherein 1,721 men were admitted during eleven days—on one night alone, the 23rd December, this jail took in 1,059 prisoners. The Presidency Jail too with a registered accommodation for 1,834 at one time held 2,783 prisoners. The District jails of Chittagong, Rangpur and Faridpur were highly taxed to find room. The officials of most of the Jails concerned met the situation with considerable tact, patience and firmness.

2. Most of the reforms contemplated by the Jails Committee came under discussion. Many of them had to be kept in abeyance for financial reasons, but minor improvements which could be effected without much additional expenditure were given effect to as far as possible. To meet the religious demands of Muhammadan convicts they have been provided with long trousers instead of shorts. In a number of jails honorary Moslem preachers were appointed for giving moral and religious instruction to Muhammadan prisoners on Fridays. The burial of dead Muhammadan prisoners, according to Muhammadan customs, at the expense of Government was sanctioned. Sikh prisoners were allowed to retain certain of their religious symbols, and facilities for the more important religious observances of the various castes are allowed in jails. Female non-official visitors were allowed in a few jails. Arrangements were also made for the retransfer from the Andamans of all political prisoners, female convicts and other persons whose retransfer to India was considered necessary on medical grounds; and orders were passed by the Government of India absolutely prohibiting the deportation to the Andamans of female convicts and certain other classes of criminals. No convict from Bengal was transported to the Andamans in 1921.

3. The Inspector-General of Prisons draws attention to the fact that the number of juvenile prisoners admitted to the jails reached the maximum during the year under review; and he gives his opinion that in England not one of these children or young persons would have been committed to prison. After, however, the end of the year the Bengal Children Act, 1922, was passed into law, the Governor in Council trusts that this measure, which *inter alia* prohibits a child under the age of 14 years from being sentenced to death, transportation or imprisonment for any offence, will prevent any further approach from the administration of the Province.

the marked decrease in the improvement in their number of punishments previous year to of whippings of the department low death assistance payment for indicates.

5. Finally, His Excellency in Council has much pleasure in acknowledging the good work done by the officers mentioned by the Inspector-General of Prisons and in recording the thanks of Government to Lieutenant-Colonel Thompson for his efficient administration of the Jails Department.

ORDER.—Ordered that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal, for information.

Ordered that a copy of this resolution and a copy of the report be submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department.

Ordered also that the resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*.

By order of the Governor in Council,

M. C. McALPIN,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

*List of prices of articles of food at Calcutta for the weeks ending
Saturdays, the 24th June 1922 and 1st July 1922.*

Names of articles.	WHOLESALE PRICE PER MAUND.		RETAIL PRICE PER MAUND.	
	From—	To—	From—	To—
Rice—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balam coarse	7 8 0	7 12 0	0 3 3	0 3 6
" medium	8 0 0	8 8 0	0 3 6	0 3 9
Patnai coarse	7 14 0	.....	0 3 3	0 3 6
" medium	8 0 0	8 8 0	0 3 6	0 3 9
Nagm coarse	8 2 0	.....	0 3 3	0 3 6
" medium	8 8 0	8 12 0	0 3 6	0 3 9
Dudhkulma	7 12 0	8 8 0	0 3 3	0 3 9
Rangoon Boiled	.....	.....	0 2 9	.....
Kajla	.....	.....	0 2 9	.....
Wheat, Dudhia	8 0 0	8 2 0	.....	.....
" Gangajali	7 8 0	.....	.....	.....
" Jamali	7 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Gram Patnai (whole)	6 6 0	6 8 0	0 3 0	0 3 3
" dal	10 8 0	12 0 0	0 4 3	0 5 0
Mung " (Hari)	9 0 0	9 8 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
" " (Krishna)	6 8 0	7 0 0	0 4 0	0 4 6
Arhar "	8 0 0	10 0 0	0 4 0	0 4 6
Masur " (spilt)	6 8 0	7 8 0	0 3 0	.....
" " (Khanri)	9 8 0	.....	0 3 6	0 4 0
Kalgi "	5 8 0	.....	0 3 6	.....
Salt	3 2 0	.....	0 2 0	.....
Sugar (Brown Java)	14 8 0	14 10 0	0 6 0	.....
Gur, Bheli	.....	.....	0 5 0	.....
" Bhursut	.....	.....	0 6 0	.....
" Date	.....	.....	.....	.....
Milk	9 8 0	10 8 0	0 5 0	0 6 0
Mustard Oil	24 0 0	26 8 0	0 11 0	0 13 0
Flour (Country)	9 4 0	10 8 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
Atta No. 3	5 8 0	5 10 0	0 3 9	0 4 6
" " 2½	5 8 0	5 10 0		
" " B	10 12 0	.....	
Suji	10 0 0	11 0 0	0 5 0	0 5 6
Ghee (Bhadwa, Matki, etc.)	85 0 0	87 0 0	2 0 0	2 4 0
" [Patiram, Khurja, Ruto,	80 0 0	.....	
" Etwa (better kind), etc.]	75 0 0	.....	
" (Lalli, Etwa, Sagar, etc.)	5 12 0	.....	.....	.....
Maize	9 0 0	10 0 0	0 4 6	0 5 0
Potatoes	.....	.....	0 4 0	.....
Patul	.....	.....	0 3 0	.....
Brinjal	.....	.....	0 2 0	.....
Onion	.....	5 4 0	1 0 0	1 4 0
Fish, Rahu	.....	45 0 0	1 0 0	1 4 0
Mutton (2nd class)	.....	.....	0 6 0	0 8 0
Beef (2nd and 3rd)	.....	.....	.....	.....

Notes:—

At, Sealdah Fish and Milk Markets and Ponds
Market, Sovh Bazar, Nub Bazar, Raja Babu's
Bazar, Babu's Bazar.

Division.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 28th June 1922.

Summary.—During the week the rainfall throughout the Presidency was generally moderate to heavy. Preparation of lands for winter paddy and their transplantation continued. Sowing of jute is still progressing in places. The heavy rain is retarding the weeding of *aus* paddy and jute and has caused some damage to the winter paddy seedlings in some West Bengal districts. The cultivation of crops on high land is progressing well. The average price of common rice for the Province has risen by about 1·4 per cent., as compared with that of the previous week.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE IN SEER, P.M. RUPRE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-BARGANAS	3·79	5	5	Sowing of paddy continues. The effects of weather on crops are generally good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Diamond Harbour:	1·67	5½	5½	
	Barrackpore	2·93	5½	5½	
	Barasāt ...	3·10	5½	5½	
	Basirhat ...	5·82	6	6	
2	NADIA ...	4·24	6	6½	Weeding of <i>aus</i> paddy continues. Prospects of <i>aus</i> and <i>aman</i> paddy and jute are fair. Cattle-disease is reported from Haringhata, Mirpur and Kushtia thanas. Fodder and water are fairly sufficient.
	Kushtia ...	0·73	6	6	
	Meherpur ...	5·69	6½	6½	
	Chudanga ...	9·78	7½	7½	
	Ranaghat ...	2·12	5½	5½	
3	MURSHIDABAD	4·84	6	6	Weather hot and cloudy. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Transplantation of <i>aman</i> paddy has commenced. Heavy rain has retarded the weeding of <i>aus</i> paddy. Fodder is sufficient. No large import or export.
	Lalbagh ...	7·61	6	6	
	Jangipur ...	5·60	5½	5½	
	Kandi ...	5·05	6½	6½	
4	JESSORE	4·93	6½	7	Sowing of jute and autumn paddy is nearly finished; being retarded for heavy rains. Prospects of crops are not favourable. Export of paddy is reported from Bongong and Jhenidah thanas. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jhenidah ...	7·84	6½	6½	
	Magura ...	3·32	6	6	
	Narail ...	18·35	6½	6½	
	Bongaon ...	3·50	7	7	
5	KHULNA ...	5½			Preparation of lands for transplant- ation of rice has gone on. Fodder and water
	Satkhira ...	11			
	Bagerhat ...				

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN ANNA, PER MURRI.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	BURDWAN ...	5.78	5½	5½	Weather rainy and hot. Ploughing and sowing and transplantation of awam paddy continue. Some seed-beds have been so flooded that the seedlings have died and fresh sowings had to be made. Aus paddy, jute and sugarcane are doing well.
	Aenasol ...	8.58	5½	5½	
	Katwa ...	4.06	6	6	
	Kalpa ...	3.26	5½	5½	
7	BIRBHUM ...	3.83	5½	5½	Weather cloudy. Condition of sugarcane is fair. Fodder is dear, but water is sufficient.
	Rampurhat...	6.18	6	6	
8	BANKURA ...	5.83	6	6	Weather rainy. Paddy seedlings have been damaged considerably. Export of rice and paddy continues.
	Vishnupur...	5.61	6½	6½	
9	MIDNAPORE	0.85	6½	5½	Sowing of broadcast winter rice is progressing. Condition of bhadoi til is fair. Paddy seedlings have been partially destroyed in the flooded area in Ghatal. Fodder is sufficient except in Binpur thana.
	Jhargram ...	5.77	5	(n)	
	Ghatal ...	2.52	5½	(n)	
	Tamluk ...	1.09	5½	5½	
	Contai ...	0.86	6	6	
10	HOOGHLY ...	3.62	5	5	Effect of weather is favorable. Cattle-disease is reported from Khanakul, Parsura and Arambagh police-stations. Fodder is sufficient.
	Serampore ...	3.04	5	5	
	Arambagh ...	8.87	6½	5½	
11	HOWRAH ...	9.21	5½	5½	Low-land paddy and jute are water-logged. Cultivation is progressing on high land.
	Uluberia ...	1.92	6½	6½	
12	RAJSHAHI (RAMPUR- COALIA).	4.41	6	6	Sowings of jute and aus paddy are nearly completed. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Naogaon ...	3.64	5½	6	
	Nator ...	4.00	5½	6	
13	DINAJPUR ...	11.01	7½	7½	Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Thakurgaon	12.10	8	9	
	Balurghat...	12.10	8	9	
14	JALPAIGUR				Condition and prospects of
	Alipour				

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN BASIS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	DARJEELING	12.88	5	5	Maize is progressing well. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease exists in places.
	Kurseong ...	15.29	6½	6	
	Siliguri ...	5.36	6	6	
	Kalimpong...	10.15	6	6	
16	RANAPUR ...	9.43	7½	7½	Harvesting of <i>aus</i> paddy and jute continues. Transplantation of winter paddy is progressing. Cattle-disease is reported from thana Bundarganj. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari	11.82	8	8½	
	Kurigram ...	12.95	7½	7½	
	Gaibandha ...	3.68	7	7	
17	BOGRA ...	2.52	6½	7½	Weeding of <i>aus</i> paddy still continues in places. Seeds for winter paddy are being sown. Prospects of standing crops are fair.
18	PABNA ...	2.59	5½	5½	Weather cloudy and rainy. <i>Til</i> and <i>karn</i> are being harvested and their outturn is fair. Agricultural stock is sufficient. Grain market has a tendency to rise. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Sirajganj ...	4.12	6½	6½	
19	MALDA ...	3.23	6	6½	Weeding of <i>dhadoi</i> crops is in progress. Continued rain has submerged low-land crops in places.
20	COOCH BEHAR	20.59	7	7½	Weather reasonable. Preparation of lands for winter paddy and rearing of seedlings in the nurseries are continuing briskly; transplantation has commenced in places. Condition of standing crops is favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
21	DACCA ...	2.66	5½	5½	Weather reasonable. Harvesting of jute has begun in some places. Prospects of standing crops are satisfactory. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj...	5.12	5	5½	
	Narayanganj	2.97	6	6	
	Munshiganj (a)	3.33	(n)		
22	MYMENSINGH	3.46	6½	6	Sowings of <i>aman</i> paddy and jute continues satisfactorily. Condition and prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jamalpur ...	8.70	7	7½	
	Tangail ...	(n)	(n)	6½	
	Netrakona	4.45	6½		
	Kishorganj	2.92			

(a) Munshiganj
northern part of the

To give information to the

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERs. PER HOPPER.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
		Inches.			
23	FARIDPUR ...	7.16	{ 5½ 6½ }	{ 5½ 6½ }	Recent rainfall has proved beneficial to the standing crops. Weeding of jute and autumn paddy continues. Prospects and state of standing crops are fair except those of jute which are not favourable. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Baliakandi, Gostundo and Matbarishat thanas. Fodder is sufficient.
	Gostundo ... (Itajbari).	3.65	6	6	
	Madaripur ...	3.52	5½	5½	
	Gopalganj(a)	8.50	6	6	
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL).	4.78	5½	5½	Weather reasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Pirojpur ...	2.10	5½	5½	
	Patuakhali...	10.79	5½	5½	
	Dakshin Sha- bazpur (Bhola).	6.90	5½	5½	
25	CHITTAGONG	7.53	{ 5½ 6 }	5½	Ploughing of lands for winter paddy and transplantation of autumn paddy seedlings are in progress. Prospects of standing paddy and aus crop are fair. Fodder is sufficient. Pango salt is selling at 13 and 9 seers per rupee at Sadar and Cox's Bazar, respectively.
	Cox's Bazar	16.33	6	6	
26	TIPPERA ... (COMILLA).	4.11	5	5½	Weather rainy. The recent rainfall has benefited the standing crops in Brahmanbaria and Chandpur subdivisions, but has damaged crops in the Sadar subdivision to some extent. Prospects of crops are fair, provided it does not rain shortly.
	Brahman- baria.	4.12	5½	5½	
	Chandpur ...	1.07	5	5½	
27	NOAKHALI ...	11.60	5½	5½	Weather reasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from the thanas Sudharam, Rainganj and Sonbag.
	Feni ...	10.30	5½	6½	
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	6.61	5	5½	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
29	TRIPURA STATE.	3.76	5	5	Weather reasonable. The sowing of aus paddy is finished. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Cleaned cotton is selling at Rs. 20 to Rs. 30. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from two divisions.

[illegible][illegible]

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the undermentioned parts of Bengal for the first-half of June 1922.

Mark.	GRAM.			ARHAR DAL.			LINSKED.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	5 12 0	5 12 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 5 0	5 2 0	11 0 0	11 0 0	12 0 0
Burdwan	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	5 2 0	11 0 0	11 0 0	11 0 0
Raniganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore	7 5 0	7 5 0	8 0 0 to 7 0 0	10 3 0	10 5 0 to 11 0 0	9 0 0 to 10 0 0	8 12 0	8 12 0	7 4 0
Chittagong	7 0 0	7 0 0	5 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	13 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	12 0 0
Dacca	7 5 0	8 2 0	7 0 0	9 0 0	9 0 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	7 12 0	10 0 0
Patna	.....	.....	.....	11 0 0	11 0 0	11 0 0	8 4 0	8 4 0	8 0 0
Rangpur	.....	.....	.....	9 0 0	9 0 0	8 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Beraiganj (Patna).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Haridwar (Mysore).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Morabanganj (Dacca).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Mark.	MINTARD.			GRAM.			OATON (continued).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	10 0 0	10 0 0	11 5 0	8 0 0	8 0 0	10 0 0	(N)	24 0 0	25 0 0
Burdwan	8 0 0 to 10 0 0	8 5 0 to 10 0 0	8 5 0	7 0 0 to 10 0 0	7 0 0 to 10 0 0	8 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Raniganj	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Midnapore	10 12 0 to 12 0 0	10 12 0 to 12 0 0	10 0 0 to 11 5 0	10 5 0	15 0 0	11 0 0 to 12 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Chittagong	8 0 0	9 5 0	8 0 0	10 0 0	10 0 0	7 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Dacca	2 0 0	2 0 0	8 0 0	14 0 0	11 0 0	12 4 0	.....	.....	.....
Patna	9 0 0	9 0 0	8 0 0	5 5 0	6 5 0	8 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Rangpur	5 0 0	5 0 0	7 12 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	5 7 0	.....	.....	.....
Beraiganj (Patna).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Haridwar (Mysore).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Morabanganj (Dacca).	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

(N) Nov

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal for the first-half of June 1922.

Marts	JUTE.			GRASS.			RICE (DOW).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	(1) 17 0 0 (2) 18 0 0 (3) 11 7 0	(1) 17 0 0 (2) 14 0 0 (3) 11 1 0	(1) 12 0 0 (2) 11 0 0 (3) 6 14 0	{ 75 0 0 to 25 0 0 }	30 0 0	30 0 0	(a)	500 0 0	500 0 0
Bardwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raniganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Farma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berhampur (Farma)	{ 7 4 0 to 12 8 0 }	{ 6 8 0 to 5 5 0 }	{ 3 0 0 to 4 0 0 }	...	...	...	...	...	...
Berhampur (Myndongb)	(a)	{ 10 0 0 to 13 0 0 }	{ 3 8 0 to 7 0 0 }	...	...	...	...	...	...
Narayanganj (Dacca)	{ 5 4 0 to 13 0 0 }	{ 3 0 0 to 10 3 0 }	{ 5 0 0 to 6 0 0 }	...	...	...	...	...	...

(1) "Price of int. four."
(2) "Price of dist. four."
(3) "Weighted average price."

(a) Not available.
(a) Not reported.

Marts	IRON.			SALT.			KICHOR (H).		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	(a)	10 0 0	10 0 0	(a)	3 0 0	3 0 0	Swan 5 14 0 Riding 7 15 0	4 0 0	(a)
Bardwan
Rangpur
Midnapore
Chittagong
Dacca
Farma
Raniganj
Berhampur (Farma)
Berhampur (Myndongb)
Narayanganj (Dacca)

(a) For 100 ma. (1) For 5 ma. For 5 ma.

Wholesale prices-current of food-grains, salt, etc., in the under-mentioned marts of Bengal, for the first-half of June 1922.

Marts.	MASTANN OFF.			FIREWOOD.			COAL (BENGAL.)		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Calcutta	25 0 0	22 0 0	25 0 0	0 9 8	0 14 0	0 14 0	(n)	1 0 0	1 4 0
Burdwan
Raipur	0 2 5	0 5 0	0 5 0
Midnapore
Chittagong
Dacca
Dacca
Barisal
Barisal (Myamalgh.)
Barisal (Myamalgh.)
Barisal (Myamalgh.)

J. C. ROY, for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

Dacca, 28th June 1922.

Prices-current (retail) of food-grains, salt, &c., in the districts of Bengal for the first-half of June 1922.

Division ^a	Number	DISTRICT AND MANB.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE IN SEERS OF EIGHTY TOLAS.														
			COMMON RICE.						KALAI DAL (Phaseolus mungo).			ARHAR (DAL) OR TURU (CAJAN PEA (Cajanus indicus)).			SALT.		
			Average.			On-hand.			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.									
PRESIDENCY.		24-PARGANAS.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.
		1 Obala Hat ...	5 0	5 0	4 8	6 8	7 0	8 0	4 8	4 4	5 5	4 2	4 0	4 0	10 8	9 0	12 0
		2 Mastra Hat ...	5 5	5 0	5 6	5 2	5 12	5 4	(a)	3 4	(a)	4 0	4 4	5 4	11 4	9 7	12 8
		3 Calcutta Bellaghat ...	4 11	5 0	4 14	7 0	7 0	7 5	8 2	8 2	8 2	4 7	4 7	4 11	10 0	10 0	10 0
		NADIA.															
		4 Ghari ...	5 2	5 3	5 3	5 15	7 1	7 1	4 11	4 11	4 8	4 11	4 11	5 0	12 4	12 4	12 4
		5 Hanchhat ...	5 4	5 4	5 3	5 12	5 12	5 12	4 8	4 8	5 4	4 0	4 0	4 8	10 8	10 8	10 8
		MURSHIDABAD.															
		6 Berhampore ...	5 0	5 3	5 3	5 0	5 0	5 12	5 5	5 4	5 3	5 5	5 4	5 0	12 12	10 0	14 0
		7 Kandi ...	5 10	5 12	5 0	5 12	7 0	5 2	(a)	5 0	5 0	4 8	5 4	5 0	12 0	10 0	13 0
		8 Jangipor ...	5 0	5 2	5 3	5 4	5 2	5 0	4 0	4 3	5 0	5 0	4 2	5 0	13 0	12 0	14 0
BURDWAN.		JANGSHY.															
		9 Bader ...	7 0	7 0	7 0	7 8	7 8	7 4	4 0	3 4	4 0	3 8	3 4	3 8	11 0	10 2	13 0
		10 Bangum ...	5 0	5 3	5 11	7 0	7 4	5 10	3 4	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	9 0	9 0	12 12
		KHULNA.															
		11 Bader ...	7 0	7 0	7 2	7 8	7 8	8 0	5 2	5 0	4 8	4 0	4 0	4 4	8 0	8 0	11 0
		12 Bagerhat ...	7 0	7 0	7 2	8 0	8 0	8 0	5 8	5 0	5 2	3 8	3 8	4 0	8 0	11 4	10 0
		BURDWAN.															
		13 Bader ...	5 8	5 8	5 0	7 4	7 4	5 12	5 5	5 0	5 0	4 4	4 8	5 0	14 0	14 0	12 4
		14 Kalna ...	5 8	5 12	5 8	5 11	6 0	5 9	5 0	5 5	5 5	3 12	4 2	4 0	12 12	14 8	10 8
		HERDUM.															
RAJSHAH.		15 Suri ...	5 0	6 0	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 10	5 5	5 8	4 5	4 8	4 0	4 0	10 8	10 0	13 0
		16 Rampur Hat ...	5 0	5 0	5 2	5 4	5 4	5 0	5 0	5 0	4 5	4 8	4 0	4 0	11 0	11 0	12 0
		BANKURA.															
		17 Bader ...	5 4	5 4	5 0	7 0	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 0	4 0	4 0	4 5	11 0	11 0	12 0
		18 Vibhupur ...	5 0	5 2	5 0	5 2	5 4	5 0	5 3	5 3	5 12	4 0	4 0	4 8	10 0	10 0	11 0
		MIDNAPUR.															
		19 Bader ...	5 2	5 14	5 0	5 14	7 4	5 5	4 0	4 4	5 8	3 8	3 8	4 0	8 0	8 0	9 0
		20 Contai ...	5 4	5 2	5 8	5 8	5 4	5 4	4 4	3 8	4 0	5 12	2 0	3 8	9 0	8 0	10 8
		HOOCHLY.															
		21 Bader ...	5 0	5 4	5 8	5 10	5 0	5 8	5 0	4 2	5 0	5 0	4 0	4 4	10 0	10 4	12 0
RAJSHAH.		22 Arambagh ...	5 2	7 0	5 11	5 14	7 5	5 14	4 0	4 0	7 0	3 8	3 0	3 8	8 4	9 0	10 8
		HOWRAH.															
		23 Bader ...	5 0	5 8	5 4	5 8	5 4	5 8	5 2	5 0	5 8	4 8	4 0	4 8	10 0	9 0	13 0
		24 Uluberia ...	5 5	5 8	5 4	6 8	5 8	6 0	5 8	5 4	5 8	4 0	4 0	4 4	9 0	11 8	12 4
		RAJSHAH.															
		25 Rampur-Badli ...	5 0	5 0	5 12	5 12	5 8	5 8	5 0	5 12	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 12	5 4	5 4	12 0
		26 Nator ...	5 0	5 0	5 12	5 12	5 12	5 8	5 4	4 14	5 4	5 4	5 0	5 12	5 12	5 12	9 8
		27 Pimpur—Railway Bazar Hat ...	7 2	7 12	5 11	7 12	8 0	5 9	4 12	4 12	3 2	3 8	3 8	4 12	9 0	8 0	11 0
		28 Jalpalpur—Bader ...	7 5	7 5	12	7 12	0	5 6	5 8	5 8	3 4	4 0	4 2	0	5	9 0	

^a K.

(a) reported.

(b) not available.

Prices-current (retail) of food-grains, salt, etc., in the districts of Bengal for the second-half of May 1922.

		QUANTITY PER RUPEE IN SEER OF EIGHTY TOLAS.															
Division.	Number.	DISTRICT AND MAINT.	COMMON RICE.						KALAI DAL (Phaseolus radiatus).			AMHAR (DAL) OR THUR DADJAN DKA (Gajanus indicus).			SALT.		
			Average.			Cheapest.			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
			Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.									
			S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.				S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.	S. Or.
RAJSHAHI—Contd.		DARJEELING.															
	29	Badar	8 0	8 0	4 8	6 8	8 0	5 4	3 4	3 12	2 10	2 12	2 12	3 8	5 12	5 12	7 0
	30	Bidgar	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	4 0	4 7	4 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	5 0	8 0	8 0
		BANOR.															
	31	Badar	7 0	7 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 10	4 8	4 8	4 0	4 8	4 8	4 8	8 0	5 0	8 0
	32	Niphamari	8 8	8 8	5 12	(a)	(a)	6 8	4 0	4 0	4 8	4 0	4 0	4 8	10 0	10 0	11 0
	33	Bogra-Badar	7 2	7 12	8 0	7 8	7 8	6 8	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	3 12	8 8	8 8	8 12
		PAUNA.															
	34	Badar	5 12	5 12	8 0	5 8	5 8	5 4	5 8	5 8	5 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	11 0	11 0	10 8
	35	Bira(gan)	8 0	8 4	5 8	6 8	5 12	6 0	5 0	6 0	6 0	4 4	4 4	4 8	9 0	9 0	10 0
DAKKA.		MADIA.															
	36	Badar	6 0	6 0	5 12	6 4	6 4	6 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	4 8	4 8	5 8	8 0	8 8	14 0
	37	Uthia-Mawalgan	6 4	6 8	5 0	6 8	6 12	6 4	7 0	6 8	7 0	6 0	6 0	5 8	9 0	9 0	14 0
		DACCA.															
	38	Badar	5 12	5 8	8 0	7 0	5 12	7 10	8 0	8 8	8 0	4 0	4 0	5 0	10 0	9 8	10 12
	39	Mamur Hat	5 12	4 0	5 8	8 0	6 4	7 8	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	12 0	12 0	12 8
		MYMENSINGH.															
	40	Kasimbud	6 0	6 4	5 8	8 8	7 0	8 8	8 4	8 10	4 0	4 4	4 0	4 0	11 0	10 0	9 0
	41	Natukuna	6 8	7 0	5 12	8 8	7 8	7 4	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	11 4	9 4	10 8
		FARIDPUR.															
	42	Badar	6 4	5 12	6 0	6 10	6 12	5 12	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 12	3 8	12 0	8 8	11 0
	43	Kajpur	4 0	5 0	5 12	6 4	6 8	6 4	5 4	5 4	6 4	4 0	4 0	3 12	10 0	10 0	11 4
CHITTAGONG.		BAKARGANG.															
	44	Daridai	5 7	5 0	5 8	6 0	6 8	7 0	6 8	6 11	6 8	3 8	4 0	3 8	9 0	10 11	10 10
	45	Pirajpur	5 15	5 15	6 0	6 8	6 8	5 8	6 0	5 8	6 0	(a)	(a)	(a)	8 0	8 0	10 8
		TIPPERA.															
	46	Comilla	5 4	6 8	5 8	5 12	6 12	7 0	(a)	4 0	5 0	3 8	3 4	4 0	12 8	11 4	10 12
	47	Udhampur	5 4	6 4	5 12	5 12	7 12	7 8	5 12	5 4	5 8	4 0	3 8	4 0	10 11	11 4	12 0
		NOATHALL.															
	48	Kalitara Hat	5 8	6 0	5 0	6 0	6 4	6 4	6 0	6 0	3 0	3 8	3 0	(a)	10 8	10 8	8 0
	49	Nail Hat	6 0	6 12	5 12	6 12	7 8	8 0	3 4	3 0	4 0	(a)	(a)	...	10 1	10 1	8 0
		CHITTAGONG.															
	50	Sailor	5 8	(a)	5 8	(a)	(a)	6 0	4 8	(a)	7 0	3 10	(a)	3 0	12 0	(a)	12 0
	51	Oon's Lazer	6 0	6 0	5 0	(a)	(a)	...	4 0	4 0	3 8	3 8	3 8	3 8	9 0	9 0	9 0
	52	Chittagong Hill Tracts-Bangamali.	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 8	5 8	5 8	3 4	3 4	3 0	3 4	3 4	3 0	11 0	9 0	8 0

(a) Not available.

(c) No sale.

(s) Not reported.

(u) Kutch.

J. C. ROY, Secy. to the Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA, the 26th June 1922.

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for week ending Thursday, the 28th June 1922.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.	Date.	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS DATA'S HEIGHT.		HEIGHT ABOVE P. W. D. DATUM ON SAME DATE IN—		Remarks.
						Rise.	Fall.	1921.	1920.	
Hooghly ...	23rd June 1922	6 A.M.	102.60'	0.00'	102.60'	0.10'	...	101.40'	102.20'	
	23rd "	6 "	8.30'	56.319'	64.619'	0.10'	...	62.919'	62.819'	
	23rd "	8 hours	17.40'	4.896'	22.296'	0.60'	...	25.596'	22.996'	
Brahmaputra ...	23rd "	8 A.M.	20.80'	135.18'	155.98'	...	0.40'	155.78'	158.18'	
	23rd "	12 hours	23.80'	1.509'	35.309'	0.70'	...	40.409'	37.50'	
	23rd "	9 A.M.	19.60'	314.18'	333.78'	...	0.10'	329.78'	334.18'	
Meghna ...	23rd "	6 hours	10.83'	1.61'	12.44'	0.33'	...	...	13.69'	
	23rd "	5 "	8.00'	1.61'	9.61'	...	0.25'	12.61'	11.36'	
	23rd "	7 "	23.90'	1.509'	25.409'	0.50'	...	31.659'	24.709'	
Dhaleswari ...	23rd "	7 A.M.	21.10'	-8.62'	12.48'	0.50'	...	16.78'	12.88'	
	23rd "	6 "	16.09'	1.509'	17.599'	0.73'	...	7.279'	6.399'	
	23rd "	6 "	16.17'	92.58'	108.75'	3.83'	...	98.58'	96.03'	
Lakhya ...	23rd "	6 "	17.67'	-5.59'	12.08'	0.44'	...	15.41'	12.41'	
	23rd "	6 "	8.40'	-0.599'	7.801'	0.05'	...	9.701'	8.201'	
Chandpur Bil Route (Lower Kumar).	23rd "	6 "	8.40'	-0.599'	7.801'	0.05'	...	9.701'	8.201'	

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for week ending Thursday, the 29th June 1922.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.	Date.	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS DAY'S HEIGHT.		HEIGHT ABOVE P. W. D. DATUM ON SAME DATE IN 1921.		Remarks.
						Rise.	Fall.	1921.	1921.	
Ganges ...	26th June 1922	6 A.M.	107.00'	0.00'	107.00'	1.70'	...	104.50'	103.10'	
	26th "	6 "	10.50'	56.319'	66.819'	1.20'	...	64.119'	63.519'	
	26th "	8 hours	17.00'	4.896'	21.896'	0.70'	...	24.796'	24.196'	
Brahmaputra ...	26th "	8 A.M.	22.20'	135.18'	157.38'	0.40'	...	155.88'	161.08'	
	26th "	12 hours	35.70'	1.509'	37.209'	0.75'	...	39.709'	39.309'	
	26th "	9.30 A.M.	23.80'	314.18'	337.98'	...	0.50'	330.68'	336.38'	
Meghna ...	26th "	6 hours	12.08'	1.61'	13.69'	0.42'	...	...	13.61'	
	26th "	7 "	9.50'	1.61'	11.11'	0.75'	...	12.11'	10.61'	
	26th "	...	...	1.509'	...	...	...	31.209'	25.509'	
Jaleswari ...	26th June 1922	7 A.M.	22.60'	-8.82'	13.98'	0.50'	...	16.18'	14.08'	
	26th "	6 "	16.37'	1.509'	17.879'	...	0.27'	9.429'	5.229'	
	26th "	6 "	11.75'	92.58'	104.33'	steady	...	99.75'	95.91'	
Lakhya ...	26th "	6 "	19.00'	-5.59'	13.41'	0.25'	...	14.74'	12.16'	
	26th "	6 "	9.00'	-0.599'	8.401'	0.30'	...	9.351'	8.101'	

(Lower Kumar).

Statement showing the daily gauge-readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for week ending Thursday, the 29th June 1922.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.	Date.	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS DAY'S HEIGHT.		HEIGHT ABOVE P. W. D. DATUM ON SAME DATE IN—	Remarks.
						Rise.	Fall.	1921.	
Ganges ...	27th June 1922	6 A.M.	108.10'	0.00'	108.10'	1.10'	...	106.70'	104.40'
	27th "	6 "	11.60'	56.319'	67.919'	1.10'	...	65.119'	63.919'
	27th "	8 hours.	17.50'	4.896'	22.396'	0.50'	...	24.796'	24.896'
Brahmaputra ...	27th "	8 A.M.	23.80'	135.18'	158.98'	1.60'	...	156.08'	161.48'
	27th "	12 hours	36.20'	1.509'	37.709'	0.50'	...	39.909'	39.909'
	27th "	9 A.M.	22.70'	314.18'	336.88'	...	1.10'	330.88'	339.38'
Meghna...	27th "	6 hours	12.83'	1.61'	14.44'	0.75'	...	...	13.61'
	27th "	7.30	10.00'	1.61'	11.61'	0.50'	...	11.86'	10.36'
	.....	...	...	1.509'	...	...	...	30.909'	25.609'
Dhaleswari ...	27th June 1922	7 A.M.	23.20'	- 8.62'	14.58'	0.60'	...	16.08'	14.18'
	27th "	6 "	16.32'	1.509'	17.829'	...	0.05'	9.449'	5.149'
	27th "	6 "	11.17'	92.58'	103.75'	...	0.58'	100.33'	96.24'
Lakhya ...	27th "	6 "	19.48'	- 5.59'	13.89'	0.48'	...	14.58'	12.12'
	27th "	6 "	9.15'	- 0.599'	8.551'	0.15'	...	9.301'	8.201'

Madaripur Bili Route }
(Lower Kumar).

1104 SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, JULY 5, 1922.

Statement showing the gauging-readings at Dacca Water-works station on the river Bariganga for the week ending the 17th June 1922.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 6 P.M.	REMARKS.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1922.							
11th June	57.65	12-10	58.75	6-0	57.5	57.6	F.T. 6-10. E.T. 12-22.
12th "	57.55	12-50	58.75	6-45	57.55	57.75	F.T. 7. E.T. 13.
13th "	58.0	13-25	59.1	7-30	57.85	58.4	F.T. 7-45. E.T. 13-30.
14th "	58.15	14-0	59.1	8-15	57.9	58.4	F.T. 8-30. E.T. 14-10.
15th "	58.2	14-40	58.9	8-55	57.8	58.55	F.T. 8-45. E.T. 14-55.
16th "	58.0	15-25	58.7	9-35	57.6	58.8	F.T. 9-50. E.T. 15-40.
17th "	58.0	16-15	58.5	10-25	57.6	58.25	F.T. 10-45. E.T. 16-35.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

				High	
27th August	1905	70.5	Taken at high tide.
6th September	1905	...	...	67.88
10th August	1910	...	...	69.88
1st "	1911	...	...	68.46
13th "	1912	...	...	67.16
21st "	1915	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	67.1
8th "	1918	...	...	68.12
2nd "	1919	...	...	66.8
8th September	1920	...	...	66.9
23rd July	1921	...	...	68.4
				Low.	Taken at low tide.
23rd February	1907	...	...	51.06
18th "	1908	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	51.06
6th "	1914	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1915	...	...	50.80
15th "	1916	...	...	50.10
3rd March	1917	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	51.40
26th "	1919	...	...	50.4
18th "	1920	...	...	50.9
19th "	1921	...	...	50.9

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Water-works = -48.51 with reference to P.W. D datum.

B. N. BASCHI, for Executive Engineer.

Dacca, the 23rd June 1922.

Dacca Division.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the River Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending the 24th June 1922.

Month and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1922.					
18th June	7 A.M.	14.9	14.9	21.6	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar between the passenger ghat and Shandpur ghat. Its reduced level is 26.84.
19th "	7 "	15.4	15.4	21.4	
20th "	7 "	15.8	15.8	21.3	
21st "	7 "	16.2	16.2	21.0	
22nd "	7 "	16.8	16.8	20.8	
23rd "	7 "	17.4	17.4	20.7	
24th "	7 "	18.1	18.1	20.4	

The previous year	...	Highest water-level	...	25.8 on 27th July 1921.
Ditto	...	Lowest	...	4.3 on 19th February and 4th March 1921.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Highest	...	25.75 on 30th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.74 on 20th and 21st August 1893.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.56 on 11th to 17th and 31st August 1889 and on 1st to 3rd September 1889.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra only)	...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 31st July 1900.
Do.	...	Lowest	...	1.0 on 8th February 1911.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	2.42 on 13th March 1908.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	2.91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 8th to 9th March 1884.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	8.18 on 9th to 11th March 1885.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	8.16 on 16th, 17th and 19th to 31st March 1901.

N.B.—The gauge-readings commenced from 5th October 1909.

R. C. GUHA, for Subdivisional Officer,

RAJBARI, the 24th June 1922.

P. W. D., Faridpur.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 24th June 1922.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above zero.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1922.					
18th June	8 A.M.	42.20	42.20	39.00	P. W. D. datum 6.25 ft. above Kidderpore old dock sill. B. M. on College step, 64.93.
19th "	8 "	42.30	42.30	38.85	
20th "	8 "	42.60	42.60	38.70	
21st "	8 "	42.70	42.70	38.85	
22nd "	8 "	42.75	42.75	39.00	
23rd "	8 "	42.90	42.90	39.30	
24th "	8 "	43.10	43.10	39.55	

	Old value.	According to P. W. D. datum.
The previous year
Ditto
Record
Do.
Do.
Do.
Do.
Do.
Do.
Do.
Do.

N.B.—The gauge readings commenced from the 1st August 1887.

JADAB CHANDRA GHOSH, for Subdivisional Officer,

BOALIA, the 24th June 1922.

P.W.D., Jangipur.

1106 SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, JULY 5, 1922.

Statement showing the gauge readings at Dacca Water-works station on the River Buriganga for the week ending the 24th June 1922.

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 5 P.M.	REMARKS.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1922.							
18th June	57.5	17-10	58.0	11-15	57.05	57.95	F. T. at 11-30 and E. T. at 12-30.
19th "	57.7	18-0	58.15	12-0	57.0	57.8	F. T. at 12-15 and E. T. at 12-15.
20th "	58.0	...	...	12-40	57.6	58.1	F. T. at 12-45 and E. T. at 1-30.
21st "	59.25	6-40	59.3	13-30	57.9	59.25	F. T. at 13-45 and E. T. at 7-45.
22nd "	59.4	7-30	59.6	14-10	58.3	58.5	F. T. at 14-25 and E. T. at 8-45.
23rd "	59.5	8-20	59.7	15-0	58.4	58.6	F. T. at 15-15 and E. T. at 9-25.
24th "	59.6	9-10	59.8	15-48	58.6	58.8	F. T. at 16.

Notable high and low water levels of previous years.

					High.
27th August	1905	...	...	...	70.5
6th September	1909	...	...	...	67.86
10th August	1910	...	...	...	68.35
1st "	1911	...	...	...	68.46
13th "	1912	...	...	...	67.16
31st "	1915	...	...	...	69.7
18th "	1916	...	...	...	68.1
12th "	1917	...	...	...	67.1
21st "	1918	...	...	...	69.12
2nd "	1919	...	...	...	66.8
8th September	1920	...	...	...	66.4
20th July	1921	...	...	...	68.4
					Low.
23rd February	1907	...	...	...	51.06
18th "	1908	...	...	...	51.06
12th March	1912	...	...	...	51.06
5th "	1914	...	...	...	50.60
22nd February	1915	...	...	...	50.80
15th "	1916	...	...	...	50.60
3rd March	1917	...	...	...	51.0
21st February	1918	...	...	...	51.40
26th "	1919	...	...	...	50.4
18th "	1920	...	...	...	50.9
19th "	1921	...	...	...	50.9

N.B. - Zero of the gauge at Dacca Water-works = - 48.51 with reference to F. W. D. datum.

B. N. BAGCHI, for Executive Engineer,

Dacca, the 29th June 1922.

Dacca Division

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL, IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 24th June 1922, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of cargo	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 24TH JUNE 1922.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 24TH JUNE 1921.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tollage.
		Mds.	Rs.		Mds.	Rs.
Rice and paddy ...	168	42,590	609	276	53,029	899
Jute ...	25	20,576	165	51	28,500	283
Firewood ...	30	16,125	234	117	70,105	1,010
Other articles ...	647	175,455	1,897	827	248,190	2,766
Total ...	869	254,725	2,905	1,270	399,815	4,948
Empty boats and rafts ...	298	...	1,025	428	...	1,370
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,161	254,725	3,930	1,698	399,815	6,318

Mds.
 * Weight by canal measurement ... 31,850
 † Ditto ditto ... 30,454

T. C. BHATTACHARYA,

*Assistant Secretary
to the Government of Bengal.*

CALCUTTA, the 3rd July 1922.

CORPORATION OF CALCUTTA.

NOTICE.

IN compliance with the provisions of section 55 of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, it is hereby notified for general information that at the bye-election fixed for the 1st July 1922, there being not more than one candidate for election, Babu Priya Nath Mallik of 55, Chakrabere Road, North, Bhowanipur, Pleader, 24-Parganas, Alipore, has been duly elected as Ward Commissioner for Ward XXII.

S. N. MALLIK,

Acting Chairman of the Corporation.

CENTRAL MUNICIPAL OFFICE, the 1st July 1922.

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA.

CALCUTTA TRADE FLUCTUATIONS.

THE following tables are intended to show the trade by all routes, i.e., by rail, river, canal, road and sea, of the Calcutta block* in certain selected articles during the month of April, 1922, as compared with the corresponding period of 1921 and 1920. The statistics have been compiled from returns furnished by the Collector of Customs, Calcutta, Railway Audit Offices, Steamer Companies, the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta, the Collectors of the 24-Parganas and Howrah, and the Assistant Engineer, Calcutta Canals.

General Summary.

Imports.—The imports of rice, including paddy†, into Calcutta* by rail, river, canal, road, and sea (coastwise) during the month of April, 1922, amounted to 2,061,000 maunds, as against 1,662,000 maunds in the corresponding period of the preceding year,—an increase of 399,000 maunds or 24 per cent. There was a decrease of 37 per cent in the imports of coal and coke (6,292,000 maunds as against 9,959,000 maunds a year ago). The value of the imports by rail, river, road, and sea (coastwise) of Indian cotton piecegoods showed an increase of 55 per cent, the total value amounting to Rs. 107 lakhs as against Rs. 69 lakhs in 1921. The quantity of indigo imported during the month of April, 1922, increased from 41 maunds last year to 58 maunds. The imports of raw jute amounted to 224,000 bales as against 154,000 bales,—an increase of 70,000 bales or 45 per cent. The importations of gunny bags also showed an increase of 10 million bags (30 million bags against 20 millions in the preceding year). The total imports of oilseeds (linseed and rape and mustard seed) increased by 601,000 maunds, or 121 per cent, from 496,000 maunds to 1,097,000 maunds, but those of sugar declined by 27,000 maunds, or 32 per cent, from 85,000 maunds to 58,000 maunds. The imports of tea decreased from 100,000 maunds to 29,000 maunds or 71 per cent.

Exports.—The value of the exports of cotton piecegoods, foreign, from Calcutta* by all routes during the month of April, 1922, increased by 13 per cent from Rs. 246 lakhs to Rs. 278 lakhs. The exports of gunny bags (including the exports by sea to foreign countries) increased from 93 million to 95 million bags, but the shipments of gunny bags to other Indian ports decreased from 9 to 5 millions in number in the period under review. The quantity of kerosene oil despatched from Calcutta and Budge-Budge by internal routes and by sea (coastwise) showed an increase of 24,000 maunds or 6 per cent, from 426,000 maunds to 450,000 maunds.

* The Calcutta block consists of the town of Calcutta with Howrah and Kidderpore Docks.

† One maund of paddy is equivalent to 25 seers of rice.

TABLE I

Trade of Calcutta in certain selected articles in the month of April 1922, compared with the corresponding month of 1921.

	IMPORTS		EXPORTS		
	BY RAIL, ROAD, RIVER, CANAL AND SEA (COASTWISE) (a)		BY SEA (FOREIGN AND COAST-WINK)		
	April 1922.	April 1921.	April 1922.	April 1921.	
Food-grains—					
Rice	Mds	1,603,391	1,443,464	606,664	171,882
Paddy	"	57,800	225,174	1,007	.....
Total (in rice) (b)	"	2,061,191	1,668,637	607,671	171,882
Wheat	"	138,071	461,490	1,806	3,804
Wheat flour	"	6,906	81,604	23,134	42,116
Gram and pulses	"	508,374	642,876	543,024	107,396
Other food-grains	"	40,376	66,796	2,491	2,906
Total food-grains	"	2,646,809	2,746,111	1,837,246	329,107
Coal and Coke	"	6,191,901	9,098,874	830,942	6,080,887
Cotton, raw	Bales	29,041	17,706	25,346	2,314
.. twist and yarn, Indian	Mds	81,618	80,067	6,331	12,910
.. Mesta-goods, Indian	Ba	1,06,87,340	68,51,728	1,06,627	53,187
Indigo	Mds	58	41	431	1,606
Jute, raw	Bales	222,970	194,041	197,126	113,264
.. gunny-bags	No	39,849,185	26,191,392	83,720,606	69,268,524
Lac	Mds	50,696	39,606	40,487	38,016
Oilseeds—Linseed	"	509,322	98,793	177,682	83,854
.. Rape and mustard	"	167,911	296,438	4,630	501
Silk, raw	"	291	41	230	—
Sugar—Refined	"	6,841	7,572	38,178	14,522
.. Unrefined	"	53,092	72,816	163	776
Tea (Indian)	"	23,612	90,606	19,255	195,874
Tobacco—unmanufactured	"	54,260	53,784	4,377	3,166
.. manufactured	"	5,648	8,657	181	723
	IMPORTS		EXPORTS		
	BY SEA (FOREIGN AND COAST-WINK) (a)		BY RAIL, ROAD, RIVER, CANAL AND SEA (COASTWISE)		
	April 1922.	April 1921.	April 1922.	April 1921.	
Cotton twist and yarn—foreign	Mds	16,723	12,862	18,269	16,297
.. .. —Indian	"	8,881	4,686	40,263	43,597
.. Mesta-goods—foreign	Ba	1,32,79,576	2,63,82,493	9,78,28,680	2,48,09,158
.. .. —Indian	"	60,66,671	25,55,669	60,22,789	29,53,501
Kerosene oil (c)	Mds	779,316	729,127	460,231	435,096
Salt	"	662,622	429,120	680,606	782,101
Gunny bags	No	.....	.....	11,087,760	12,573,326

(a) The imports by sea are coastwise imports from other Indian ports only.

(b) One maund of paddy is equivalent to 35 mers of rice.

(c) Including figures of Indigo-Budge trade.

(d) The imports by sea include imports from other Indian ports, together with imports from foreign countries.

TABLE

Imports of certain selected Articles into the Calcutta Trade Block by Rail,

Whence Imported	FOOD-GRAINS							Coal and coke	COTTON			
	Rice and paddy			Wheat	Wheat flour	Gram and pulse	Other food grains		Total	Raw.	Twist and yarn Indian (b)	Piece-goods Indian (b) (c)
	11a	Paddy (a)	Total (11a rice)									
BENGAL												
Bardhaman	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Bales	Mds	Rs
Birbhum	22,137	301	22,438			101		22,467	2,299,910			
Banshura	60,299		60,299					60,299		22		
Midnapore	23	2,887	2,910				127	2,910	0,100	10		366
Hooghly	19,892	16,784	36,676			127	17	37,101	6,224		1,155	41,809
St. Lawrence	21,472	7,674	29,146			591	1,000	30,147	16,925	112	4,785	41,600
Medinipur	203,234	208,221	411,455			31,682		443,137		1		26,220
Murshidabad	2,182	1,424	3,606	1,045		66,164	423	68,137				
Jessore	20,809	7,628	28,437	10,578		48,122	1,795	59,744		147		
Khulna	11,680	21,468	33,148			7,281	1,163	33,570		51		
Shahabadi	63,124	76,007	139,131	36		1,121	48	140,286				
Dinajpur	841		841	794		2,644	382	3,227				
Jalpaiguri	8,000	16,428	24,428			1,303		25,731				
Darjeeling	18	4,024	4,042					4,042				142
Rangpur				1,123	1	237		2,361		112		227
Hogra	1,409	11,487	12,896	148		412		13,457		5		1,263
Farakka	1,409	16,818	18,227	2,623		24,029		26,652				3,220
Kalga	2		2	4,660		970	437	5,629				
Cooch-Bihar	348	2,801	3,149					3,149				
Dacca	470	4,444	4,914					4,914		725		2,126
Mymensingh	114	1	115	482		7,200	667	8,003		2		227
Faridpur	1,846	2,208	4,054			2,272	252	2,524		27		
Bakerganj	1,620		1,620	2,026		10,026	424	12,076		14		209
Tripura (including Hill Tracts)	247,447	4	247,451			363		247,814				
Noakhali	2		2					2				
Chittagong	2		2			208		210		1,640		
Chittagong Port	6		6					6		452	0	2,124
Total of Bengal	1,019,066	279,249	1,298,315	26,497	41	166,244	2,204	1,479,143	2,297,450	4,182	7,082	1,26,264
OTHER PROVINCES AND PLACES.												
Bihar and Orissa	186,481	29,001	215,482	10,480	8	204,703	26,269	241,974	2,965,714	79	4	2,422
Assam	2,188	2,187	4,375	2,420	18	2,945	14	2,959	1,728	185	12	1,728
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	9		9	59,959	2,060	175,275	6,443	235,296	2,900,443	809	30	61,320
Punjab	372		372	1,826	4,512	1,438		2,616	2,900	916		6,372
Sind and Baluchistan												
Central Provinces and Berar	11		11	12,707	31	8,289		12,738	1,043	1,240		1,26,226
Bombay										1,046	2,724	47,28,047
Madras	3		3			2,223	161	2,384	2,427	543	2,427	2,25,257
Burma	449,081		449,081	2,457		3,901	4,454	4,358	2,908,803			
Rajputana							2	2				
Central India	1		1	1,245		4,512		5,757		40		
Nisams Territory						267		267		777		
Mysore											175	1,26,412
Alleppey												
GRAND TOTAL	1,506,390	407,800	1,914,190	123,071	4,908	166,244	40,378	1,914,190	2,297,450	29,041	22,727	1,26,412
1921	1,469,004	226,174	1,695,178	461,420	21,404	242,378	58,796	1,748,111	2,908,474	17,766	25,221	4,226,100
1920	172,002	806,226	978,228	38,170	93,736	512,166	20,182	1,004,052	2,754,352	14,852	20,724	8,610,100

(a) One measure of paddy is equivalent to 25 acres of rice

(b) Excluding trade by sea (coastwise)

(c) The value rates are fixed quarterly and the monthly valuation is made at the value rate of the preceding quarter.

and, River, Canal, and Sea (coastwise) in the month of April 1922.

JUTE		Lao	OILSEED		Silk raw	SUGAR		Tea, Indian	TOBACCO		Whence imported
Raw (d)	Gunny-bags (e)		Linseed	Rape and mustard		Refined	Un-refined		Unmanufactured	Manufactured	
Bales of 400 lbs. (a)	No. (b)	Mds (c)	Mds (d)	Mds (e)	Mds (f)	Mds (g)	Mds (h)	Mds (i)	Mds (j)	Mds (k)	Usual (l)
400	9,909	5	590	17	100	1,027	3,657	10,814	30	5	Burmah
400	410	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
400	9,761	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
4,107	9,153,849	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
10,443	90,577,668	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
10,388	23,174	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
3,539	2,761	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
3,465	2,761	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
2,657	2,187	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
6,174	943	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
1,610	4,410	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
7,020	410	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
625	114	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
34,030	548	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
7,085	2,081	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
15,443	7,854	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
305	2,144	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
2,081	2,081	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
20,046	820	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
17,300	2,081	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
18,524	618	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
43	2,501	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
10,140	2,774	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
600	600	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
125	125	240	134	134	21	621	2,208	1,080	340	60	Burmah
208,840	19,107,353	591	61,797	2,100	271	3,423	22,401	17,121	10,033	1,340	Total of Bengal
8,638	46,333	39,186	330,088	51,690	1,008	9,538	11,396	1,346	1,427	1,427	OTHER PROVINCES AND PLACES
11,094	1,474	420	8,784	62,320	250	250	11,396	1,346	1,427	1,427	Bihar and Orissa
2,182	12,323	81,007	804,783	62,171	401	618	168	1	1	1	Assam
890	494	2,406	2,406	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
820	441	1,448	1,448	1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	Punjab
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	Andhra Pradesh
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	Central Provinces and Berar
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	Bombay
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	Madras
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	Surat
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	Rajputana
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	Central India
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	Nizam's Territory
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	Mysore
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	Alleppey
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	1922
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	1921
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	1920
1,223	5,631	7,646	398	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	GRAND TOTAL

Includes imports into the mills on the Hooghly, which are 230,930 bales, but includes imports into the Kidderpore Docks, namely, 11,094 bales, including gunny cloth, 2 yards of cloth = 1 bag. These 11,094 bales came by rail, 83,187 bales by road, and 2,907 bales by sea.

TABLE III

Statement of the Routes by which the Articles enumerated in Table No II were Imported into the Calcutta Trade Block in the month of April, 1922

Routes	FOOD GRAINS						Coal and coke	COTTON			Indies
	Rice	Paddy (a)	Wheat	Wheat flour	Gram and pulses	Other food-grains		Raw	Spun and yarn, Indian (b)	Piece-goods Indian (b)(c)	
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	+Bales of 400 lbs	Mds	Ba	Mds
By rail											
E. I. Railway	66,181	1,087	89,331	6,789	299,437	18,083	4,135,027	1,861	8,683	28,445	...
M. B. Railway	124,179	154,781	25,454	...	164,879	3,824	8,40,016	5,485	...	43,73,256	...
A. B. Railway	45	...	12,338	...	16,383	1,863	...	...	...	11,32,108	...
M. N. Railway	187,061	25,497	30,009	...	44,374	8,407	1,087,316	18,641	7,473	320	...
B. and N.W. Railway	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	969	...
D. S. Railway	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kalkata-Patna Railway	17,061	66,431	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	907	...
Howrah-Amra and Howrah Beekhala Light Railways	199	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
By river steamer											
Hongal River and Amra	59,475	4	1,038	1	1,234	236	...	2,757	5	6,343	...
U. P. of Agra and Gude	731	104	2,743	...	1,434	14	1,725	131	...	569	...
By boat	494,185	146,023	161	...	36,371	839	444	57	6,361	21,900	...
By road	59,279	2,489	...	...	...	...	22,371	623	1,730	62,312	...
By sea	654,773	...	3,457	...	6,091	4,664	...	3,655	...	...	...
Total	1,808,800	402,800	139,071	4,904	579,334	46,979	10,391,001	29,441	29,737	60,30,639	...
1921	1,407,061	336,174	63,450	31,408	469,476	34,790	8,039,679	17,785	22,341	42,06,160	41
1920	772,503	304,733	81,770	26,739	819,180	30,184	9,756,323	14,883	30,734	35,10,154	8,945

Routes	SUGAR		Lac	CINNAMON		Silk, raw	BAMBA		Tea Indian	TANACCO	
	Raw (d)	Gunny bags (e)		Limbed	Diaps and Bapard		Refined	Unrefined		Unmanufactured	Manufactured
	Bales of 400 lbs	No	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds
By rail											
E. I. Railway	580	83,667	19,637	275,534	445,221	...	119	0,361	00	866	1,180
M. B. Railway	181,393	86,124	3,330	24,344	40,104	351	485	10,223	17,009	40,668	30
A. B. Railway	1,787	...	12,796	8,796	1,652	...	...	...	1,061	...	...
M. N. Railway	744	16,441	...	901,733	40,153	...	110	...	...	6,583	912
B. and N.W. Railway	...	1,651	...	...	...	...	99	4,973	...	2,000	...
D. S. Railway	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	179	...	...
Kalkata-Patna Railway	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Howrah-Amra and Howrah Beekhala Light Railways	334	3,906	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
By river steamer											
Hongal River and Amra	60,129	22,822	...	1,307	1,817	...	...	360	224	677	...
U. P. of Agra and Gude	4,612	1,371	140	6,100	44,696	...	276	...	10,224	...	...
By boat	10,349	20,640,229	...	6,082	...	...	...	12,456	...	806	...
By road	4,173	185,917	...	14	...	...	1,428	10,267	...	1,871	...
By sea	...	...	6,163	...	...	...	655	7,868	...	400	...
Total	223,870	79,349,130	60,406	609,272	587,911	221	6,941	52,003	28,917	64,960	2,261
1921	164,041	30,191,333	39,408	90,288	396,424	44	2,573	27,216	99,504	51,294	1,254
1920	396,163	41,820,471	65,077	804,181	978,061	3,140	8,913	64,101	34,731	59,640	9,764

(a) One maund of paddy is equivalent to 35 bales of rice.

(b) Excluding trade by sea (containing)

(c) The value rates are fixed quarterly, and the monthly valuation is made at the value rates of the preceding quarter.

(d) Excludes imports into the mills outside the Calcutta block, which are 230,780 bales, but includes imports into the Kibberly Docks, namely, 13,934

(e) Including gunny cloth, 7 yards of cloth = 1 bag.

TABLE IV

Imports of certain selected articles into the Port of Calcutta by Sea (Foreign and Coastwise) in the month of April, 1922

	COTTON TWIST AND YARN		COTTON PIECEGOODS		Kerosene oil	Salt
	Foreign	Indian	Foreign	Indian		
FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES—	Mds	Mds	Rs	Rs	Mds	Mds
From United Kingdom	11,579	.....	1,30,45,881	.....	.....	89,936
Other countries	9,332	.....	1,00,905	.....	291,510	294,955
Total	20,911	.....	1,31,46,786	.....	291,510	484,891
COASTWISE—						
From British Ports—						
Bombay	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bihar and Orissa	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bombay	92	9,798	11,804	89,94,171	.....	168,380
Madras	.....	39	.....	.....	.....	35,512
Baroda	24	24	13,534	2,500	468,808	.....
Total	121	9,831	25,338	92,46,671	468,808	203,892
1922	21,032	9,831	1,56,80,624	92,46,671	760,318	688,783
GRAND TOTAL	1921	13,882	4,058	2,03,38,493	23,58,869	722,129
1920	5,544	4,527	3,05,95,672	40,91,607	781,525	835,455

TABLE V

Exports of certain selected Articles from the Port of Calcutta by Sea (Coast-wise and to Foreign Countries) in the month of April 1922.

	FOOD-GRAINS.								Coal and coke	COTTON		
	Rice	Paddy*	Total (in rice)	Wheat	Wheat flour	Gram and pulse	Other food-grains	Total		Raw	Twist and yarn, Indian	Piece-goods, Indian
Coastwise—	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Bales of 400 lbs.	Mds	Rs
To British Ports in—												
Bombay	...	...	...	...	841	...	...	841	108,889	...	80	81,448
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	...	...	34	163	...	217	...	...	345	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	2,576	...	2,576	...	...	...	...
Madras and British Rajahmundry	83,738	...	83,738	...	...	...	...	83,738	...	...	...	...
Madras	88,768	1,007	89,775	...	...	2,248	...	77,967	414,188	...	...	...
Burma	4,519	...	4,519	397	78,243	24,409	2,410	82,968	165,121	...	5,710	21,549
To Indian Ports not British—												
Katikhwar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pondicherry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alleppey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	167,994	1,007	168,997	527	78,243	44,592	2,410	128,447	689,217	...	6,354	148,594
To Foreign countries—												
United Kingdom	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other countries	498,484	...	498,484	1,279	2,047	498,484	41	1,000,145	3,03,446	38,151	...	8,441
Total	498,484	...	498,484	1,279	2,047	498,484	41	1,000,145	3,03,446	38,151	...	8,441
1921	430,484	1,007	431,491	548	78,128	547,028	2,401	1,047,346	622,038	38,244	6,334	160,637
1922	178,510	...	178,510	5,000	42,115	107,395	2,008	153,028	5,069,357	2,316	12,910	48,167
1920	281,574	...	281,574	227	80,073	63,180	4,510	129,867	1,694,449	26,348	23,296	24,583

	Indigo	JUTE		Lac	OILSEEDS		Silk raw	SUGAR		Tea, Indian	TANNINS	
		Raw	Unsublimated		Linseed	Rape and mustard		Refined	Un-refined		Un-manufactured	Manufactured
Coastwise—	Mds	Bales of 400 lbs.	No	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds
To British Ports in—												
Bombay	...	...	5,000	...	...	...	...	483	100	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa	...	...	7,800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	27,500	...	...	...	...	...	1,307	...	...	...
Madras and British Rajahmundry	32	...	288,000	...	163	...	...	2,733	100	...	...	...
Madras	...	...	284,000	134	...	...	...	27,334	...	19	...	81
Burma	...	27	3,638,000	27	...	...	...	6,406	...	1,412	2,677	213
To Indian Ports not British—												
Katikhwar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pondicherry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alleppey	...	...	8,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	32	27	4,058,100	144	163	...	...	86,162	142	2,741	2,677	304
To Foreign countries—												
United Kingdom	86	40,779	2,983,600	10,306	201,370	...	186	...	...	11,301	...	...
Other countries	334	134,899	80,117,000	10,036	76,614	4,036	44	27	...	...	2,126	117
Total	420	175,678	83,100,600	20,342	177,984	4,036	230	27	...	16,464	2,126	117
1921	461	197,736	88,734,000	40,487	177,013	4,006	230	26,178	163	19,233	4,002	621
1922	1,008	118,296	69,249,634	28,918	82,266	201	63	19,623	325	193,670	2,168	722
1920	917	229,349	137,788,638	22,809	217,187	666	677	11,334	2,021	144,791	6,948	724

* One maund of paddy is equivalent to 35 seers of rice.
† Including gunny cloth, 3 yards of cloth = 1 bag.

TABLE VI.

Exports of certain Selected Articles from the Calcutta Trade Block by Rail, Road, River, Canal and Sea (coastwise) in the month of April 1922.

Whither exported.	COTTON TWIST & YARN		COTTON PIECE GOODS*		Jutey Bagged	KEROSENE OIL		Salt
	Foreign	Indian	Foreign	Indian		From Calcutta block	From Budget Budget	
BENGAL								
	Mds	Mds	Rs	Rs	No	Mds	Mds	Mds
Bardhaman	13	138	1,32,400	21,204	48,327	144	16,184	22,894
Birbham	8	1,930	2,51,170	22,772	48,824	79	5,579	20,649
Bankura	61	1,524	4,416	...	8,867	82	...	6,702
Midnapore	2,499	1,684	8,91,880	47,266	82,242	280	5,144	22,789
Howghly	160	17	1,71,047	72,161	20,187	7,791	10,869	21,167
24 Parganas	291	84	1,04,888	1,01,188	122,288	16,211	1,411	20,289
Nadia	208	1,687	8,08,624	2,078	98,141	1,032	8,004	20,487
Murshidabad	187	1,079	1,11,479	16,243	68,183	141	6,164	21,222
Jessore	329	74	43,145	24,484	19,184	2,807	2,884	12,294
Khulna	261	61	45,780	78,517	47,068	227	4,204	4,422
Rajshahi	6	89	72,720	2,960	21,224	...	2,442	5,886
Dinajpur	...	288	2,86,205	68,870	87,809	12	2,120	25,548
Jalpaiguri	11	246	1,87,268	83,267	48,262	230	6,240	11,088
Darjeeling	...	201	1,09,810	24,770	27,511	222	2,241	6,468
Rangpur	60	201	2,84,090	1,68,083	65,296	11	5,979	45,494
Bogra	...	894	2,01,808	4,96,220	64,971	...	2,891	21,972
Fabrua	161	124	20,800	2,91,888	66,539	20	6,079	16,051
Kalda	72	71	57,076	19,217	20,136	...	400	6,049
Cooch Behar	...	84	1,07,606	22,069	21,168	29	2,194	4,859
Dacca	1,967	2,188	6,50,997	2,92,409	17,202	78	8,428	16,217
Mymensingh	290	929	1,17,808	5,28,509	18,379	4,195	5,422	21,807
Faridpur	1,619	221	84,844	2,26,249	21,612	1,165	6,128	12,629
Bakarganj	1,401	120	1,84,626	6,16,629	22,020	2,104	1,635	20,518
Tippora (including Hill Tippera)	241	1,249	1,82,600	65,715	12,781	...	...	18,246
Noakhali	265	1,122	45,227	1,48,547	18,378	2	...	566
Chittagong	721	72	20,911	44,489	18,744	...	...	24
Chittagong Port	22	161	22,581	1,58,640	7,499	...	...	...
Total of Bengal	11,653	18,220	44,16,869	24,91,214	1,100,422	58,870	124,921	428,508
OTHER PROVINCES AND PLACES								
Bihar and Orissa	1,344	16,727	1,24,48,006	11,43,924	1,012,474	1,009	127,013	207,221
Assam	2,209	1,629	2,01,615	8,60,607	180,218	284	4,720	17,091
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	498	1,724	66,04,141	69,540	2,222,424	2,215	120,66	10,896
Punjab	602	29	22,85,416	2,22,227	894,274	4	2,519	26
Sind and British Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	268,000	...	...	...
Central Provinces and Berar	11	72	1,22,577	8,421	278,142	181	775	229
Bombay	...	41	87,628	1,756	140,841	2	...	...
Madras	2,228	774	1,42,224	8,422	564,262	...	...	1,066
Surat	214	5,710	2,22,710	21,649	2,222,900	...	80	...
Rajputana	12	...	62,921	...	22,226	160	...	2
Central India	...	...	2,16,004	712	12,964	...	1,020	...
Kashmir State	...	...	...	1,922	...	...	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	70,221	...	6,685	...	...	...
Alleppey	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	...	...
1922	18,249	20,594	2,78,16,620	60,12,769	11,067,760	67,270	222,641	540,438
GRAND TOTAL 1921	16,297	42,507	2,46,09,088	49,28,201	12,282,225	42,484	222,221	722,401
1920	14,429	22,892	2,21,82,724	41,50,457	10,870,227	40,449	222,222	644,168

* The values are fixed quarterly and the monthly valuation is made at the value rates of the preceding quarter.
 † Including many cloth, 3 yards of cloth.
 ‡ The exports of Kerosene oil from Budget-Budget to Calcutta in the month of April 1922 were 94,422 mounds as against 86,227 mounds and 84,716 mounds in the corresponding months of 1921 and 1920, respectively.

TABLE VH

Statement of the Routes by which the Articles enumerated in Table No VI were exported from the Calcutta Trade Block in the month of April, 1922

Route	COTTON TWINE AND YARN		COTTON PIECE-GOODS*		Gunny-bag†	KEROSENE OIL		Salt
	Foreign	Indian	Foreign	Indian		From Calcutta block	From Budge-Budge	
	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	No	Mds	Mds	Mds
E. I. Railway ...	1,175	4,431	22,27,151	9,08,537	2,251,321	545	144,799	22,200
R. D. Railway ...	331	5,343	21,45,340	18,37,519	457,517	4,431	49,346	217,197
A. B. Railway ...	510	2,784	2,52,820	5,50,223	24,440	182	228	4,466
B. N. Railway ...	558	15,141	4,00,250	1,25,120	520,003	714	...	70,028
B. & N.-W. Railway ...	5	1,401	75,50,967	87,068	1,214,174	321	77,624	75,935
O. & K. Railway ...	17	22	12,55,504	5,433	371,788	2,678	49,320	19
Hawrah and Howrah-Sankhal Light Railways	28	...	27,773	...	4,617	2,740	...	2,724
By rail... N.-W. Railway ...	22	29	4,040	2,12,907	475,594	...	...	...
G. I. P. Railway ...	...	41	9,15,794	1,796	162,174	19	...	...
B. N. C. I. Railway...	16	...	22,547	...	58,528	171	523	2
M. & S. M. Railway ...	1,173	875	2,73,651	1,223	9,471	...	...	75
S. I. Railway ...	...	14	877	999	21,154	...	...	...
J. B. Railway ...	...	...	40,060	...	19,069	...	...	...
N. G. S. Railway ...	...	...	70,330	...	5,543	...	...	...
Other Railways ...	27	16	58,124	10,117	57,021	313	9,458	331
Bengal ...	10,012	4,503	10,78,271	14,16,912	350,423	317	26,416	57,760
Bihar and Orissa ...	512	1,167	10,16,849	25,215	170,970	14,178	...	25,447
Assam ...	3,015	180	5,32,124	5,71,242	70,530	210	4,405	5,358
C. P. of Agra and Oudh	413	740	3,10,445	11,227	25,722	...	...	722
By boat ...	848	15	20,100	25,400	23,755	10,793	16,323	78,133
By road ...	951	49	1,22,124	1,71,119	40,175	12,313	629	19,464
By ...	838	5,224	9,44,823	1,43,924	4,658,100	...	60	260
1921 ...	16,249	40,460	2,79,16,890	20,12,729	11,097,760	57,370	262,861	870,661
Total ... 1921	16,597	42,207	2,46,59,028	49,53,901	13,958,325	42,454	285,221	782,401
1920 ...	2,449	22,523	2,61,22,784	41,36,487	10,870,327	40,449	555,269	544,168

* The value rates are fixed quarterly and the monthly valuation is made at the value rates of the preceding quarter.
† Including gunny cloth, 2 yards of cloth = 1 bag

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, INDIA,
July 4, 1922.

D. N. GHOSH,
Director of Statistics (offg.)

Printed at the Printing Office, and published by the Book Dept of the Bengal Secretariat, Writers' Buildings, in the City of Calcutta, on the 5th July 1922.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1922.

SUPPLEMENT.

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TECHNICAL AND VOCATIONAL EDUCATION.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Education.

CALCUTTA, THE 6TH JULY 1922.

RESOLUTION—No. 1331Edn.

THE question of the introduction of technical and vocational education in the schools and colleges of this province has for some time engaged the earnest attention of the Government of Bengal in the Ministry of Education. The poverty of the middle classes and the conditions of modern society at the present day have made the subject a matter of special importance. It is

realised that the purely literary education, which has so long been imparted, no longer offers the chance of a decent livelihood to the youths of this country and the demand for a system which will hold out better prospects has in consequence grown more and more insistent.

2. The question has not altogether been neglected in the past. Various attempts have been made to counteract the excessive bias in favour of the literary studies with which the present system is over-weighted, but they have not met with any conspicuous success. In the year 1902 agricultural classes were opened in several zilla schools as an experimental measure, but they had to be closed before long owing to a lack of necessary support. At about the same time a scheme, commonly known as the "bifurcation of studies," was evolved with a view to prepare students not only for an University career but also for all forms of "practical, industrial and commercial pursuits." According to this scheme, the general subjects taught in the first two classes of a high school, which conformed to the syllabus laid down for the Matriculation Examination, were called the "A" Course; the special subjects which led to the Apprentice Department of the Civil Engineering College or the Overseer Department were termed the "B" Course, while the Commercial and Industrial subjects formed the "C" Course. The "C" classes, of which one of the special features was the grant of a certificate on the result of an examination which was considered as equivalent, for the purposes of employment, to the Matriculation Certificate of the Calcutta University, were started in 7 schools, but, in spite of the special facility thus offered, they were poorly attended and very soon ceased to exist. The same fate very nearly overtook the "B" classes also, but the course hitherto followed has recently been revised and the effect is being watched. The latest and the most recent attempt in the same direction is the initiation in several schools of manual training classes, the main object of which is to teach wood work. These are in an experimental stage. The failure of all these efforts to create a taste for vocational education has been due to the fact that the Matriculation Examination has so far dominated the secondary education system and any course which did not lead to an University career was looked upon with disfavour. It is believed, however, that public opinion has of late undergone a change in this respect, and the necessity for reform is now realised. The Government of Bengal in the Ministry of Education consider, therefore, that the time has come to adopt a policy more suited to the altered conditions. They have accordingly had for some time under consideration certain schemes which, when fully developed, they desire to introduce in the educational institutions of Dacca in the first instance, and, if successful, to extend to other parts of the province.

3. The schemes are intended to meet the requirements of the secondary schools, the intermediate colleges and the Dacca University. So far as the first are concerned, it is recognised that all that can be attempted is to give a bias towards practical education, and it is, therefore, intended that while the training of the hand and eye will be the main object to be kept in view, advantage will be taken of the course followed in the manual training classes to teach a boy a definite craft which is likely to prove useful to him in after life, whether he takes up an University career or not. In order to achieve this object, it is proposed to establish one or more central workshops in Dacca which will be available for the use of all the secondary schools in the town, and where systematic training will be given in carpentry, smithy, card-board making and other suitable crafts. The necessary number, location, equipment, staff and control of these workshops are questions which will require a careful consideration.

4. The case with the Intermediate Colleges and the University is different, and there is no reason why a definite vocational course should not be introduced in these institutions. In framing, however, a scheme for them, the fact that an University degree cannot be granted without adequate culture will be kept in view and the curriculum so devised that the needs of both the cultural and the vocational sides are attended to. Thus, to give one

illustration, it is proposed that, for a commercial degree, the course adopted for the intermediate stage will include, on the cultural side, English, the vernacular and one or two other subjects such as Mathematics or Geography and, on the vocational, a practical training in précis and letter-writing, accounts type-writing and shorthand in English and Bengali, while in the post intermediate stage, the combination prescribed will, on the one hand, be a course of higher studies in English and the vernacular and one or two subjects from an optional group, e.g., Political Economy, Principles of Banking, Mathematics, Commercial Geography, etc., and, on the other, higher Accountancy, Principles and Practice of auditing, practical training in banking in one group and suitable subjects concerning Commerce in an alternative group. Similarly, arrangements will be made for the provision of other suitable literary groups in combination with such subjects as Dyeing, Tinctorial Chemistry, Agriculture, Tanning, sheet metal industry for the manufacture of small articles and the like, to enable students to follow a definite course from the Intermediate up to the highest stage. In making the selection preference will be given to subjects for which there is likely to be an opening for trained youths either in undertakings with a small capital or as employees in well-established concerns.

For students, however, who are unwilling or unable to take advantage of the full course, it is possible that, with some modification in the cultural curriculum, a course of training may be devised which will be shorter in duration, and, at the same time, lead to some definite remunerative career. The possibility of introducing photography, analytical chemistry, the manufacture of scientific instruments and similar subjects will in this connection be borne in mind.

5. There remains the question of providing a suitable course of Engineering and Medical Education in connection with the University of Dacca. The development of these departments is essential for the complete organisation of the University, but, owing to the heavy cost which it will entail, it is doubtful whether much can be done in this direction now. There is, however, the possibility of expanding the Dacca Engineering School so as to provide not only for a degree course, but also for a training in such subjects as railway, mechanical and electrical Engineering and this question will be taken into consideration. The provision of higher medical training is a matter of greater difficulty. There is of course the Medical School in Dacca which may be improved, but Government has at present no intention of raising it to a higher status. Any scheme for the establishment of a Medical College in connection with the University will, therefore, have to be prepared independently of the existing institution.

6. The proposals, of which an outline has been given in the previous paragraphs, are of a tentative nature, and will require a careful and detailed examination before they can be put into operation. In order that this may be done, and before they decide upon a definite plan of action, Government feel that it will be desirable to consult the educational experts and such representatives of the people as are competent to offer advice and suggestions in the matter. They have accordingly decided to appoint a Committee which will be constituted as follows :—

1. Vice-Chancellor, Dacca University - ... *President.*

Members.

2. Commissioner of the Dacca Division.
3. Principal of the Dacca Intermediate College.
4. Chairman of the Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Dacca.
5. Principal of the Dacca Jagannath Intermediate College.
6. Principal of the Dacca Assanulla School of Engineering.
7. Vice-Principal, Assanulla School of Engineering.
8. Director of the Department of Agriculture.

- | | | | |
|-----|---|-----|---|
| 9. | Professor J. C. Ghosh, M.Sc. | ... | Representatives of the
Dacca University. |
| 10. | W. A. Jenkins, M.Sc. | ... | |
| 11. | Dr. Narosh Chandra Sen-Gupta | ... | |
| 12. | Babu Dharendra Chandra Roy, Vice-Chairman, Dacca Municipality. | ... | Representatives of the
Dacca People's Association. |
| 13. | Babu Satis Chandra Sen, B.L. | ... | |
| 14. | Mr. K. Nazimuddin, Bar-at-Law, Chairman of the Dacca Municipality. | ... | Representatives of the
Muhammadan Community. |
| 15. | Nawabzada Khan Bahadur K. M. Azam. | ... | |
| 16. | Headmaster, Dacca Collegiate School. | | |
| 17. | Principal, Dacca Training College. | | |
| 18. | Babu Prasanna Kumar Sen, Headmaster, Pogose High School. | | |
| 19. | Upendra Nath Sen, Headmaster, Navakumar Institution. | | |
| 20. | Babu Monmohan Bannerjee, Headmaster, E. B. Institution. | | |
| | Mr. Nalini Bhusan Bose, M.Sc., Reader in Mathematics in the Dacca University, will act as Secretary to the Committee. | | |

The Committee will have the power to co-opt other members for the consideration of any special question and to appoint sub-committees from among themselves to facilitate their deliberations. They are also authorised to examine witnesses and take such other steps as they deem to be necessary for the proper conduct of their enquiry.

7. The Government of Bengal in the Ministry of Education trust that the Committee will make a detailed examination of the schemes indicated above and such others as may come within their cognizance, decide upon their suitability having due regard to the existing economic conditions of the province, prepare suitable curricula, advise as to the qualification of the teachers, investigate the question of adequate openings for trained students, frame an estimate of cost, make any other suggestions which they think to be relevant, and submit, as soon as possible, a comprehensive and co-ordinated scheme of technical and vocational education to which effect may be given, in whole or in part, at an early date.

ORDER.—Ordered that this resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette* and that copies of it be forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal, and the members of the Committee.

By order of the Government of Bengal

(Ministry of Education),

S. W. GOODE,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

DRAFT RESOLUTION REGARDING THE APPOINTMENT OF A COMMITTEE TO ADVISE GOVERNMENT AS TO THE BEST METHOD OF INDUCING INDIAN LADIES OF GOOD SOCIAL STATUS TO TAKE UP NURSING.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Medical.

CALCUTTA, THE 10TH JULY 1922.

RESOLUTION—No. 1726Medl.

Minister in charge: The Hon'ble Sir S. N. Banerji, M.C.

THE desirability of creating a class of trained Indian Nurses has been constantly recognized for some years past. This idea appealed very forcibly to Lady Carmichael, and she devoted herself with great energy to giving it some practical shape during her stay in Bengal. In 1915 a scheme on these lines was prepared in connection with the Sambhu Nath Pandit Hospital, Bhowanipur; the existing posts of Matron and Staff Nurses were abolished, and one Lady Superintendent, one Lady Deputy Superintendent and two Lady Assistant Superintendents were appointed to supervise the training of 20 Indian Nurses. These 20 probationers were granted subsistence allowances of Rs. 10, Rs. 15 and Rs. 20 per mensem during their first, second and third year of training respectively, while they were also granted a small diet allowance. Quarters were provided at a considerable cost. A portion of the expenditure was met by Government, while a contribution was obtained from the Corporation.

There are ordinarily six vacancies each year at the training school which has turned out 39 nurses since its establishment, viz., 17 Bengali, 2 Bihari and 20 hill women. Most of the Bengali women are Christians, and this type of employment so far appears to have had no attractions for orthodox Hindu and Muhammadan women.

2. Indian Nurses (as distinguished from *dhais*) also receive training in the Dufferin Hospital, in the Sagor Dutt Hospital at Kamarhati, and in the Mitford Hospital of Dacca. Training is also given under a two-years' course in the excellent hospital attached to the Church of Scotland Mission at Kalimpong, but the hill girls who undertake this course, are not certified until they undergo a third year of training at the Sambhu Nath Pandit Hospital. It is understood that there is no great difficulty in obtaining candidates for training at the Dufferin Hospital, and it is said that these nurses when trained, succeed in obtaining employment in the northern part of Calcutta. The Sagor Dutt Hospital trains nurses for its own requirements, and does not grant certificates.

The scheme inaugurated in connection with the Mitford Hospital provides for the training of 20 pupil nurses who undergo a three-years' course. Elementary classes in anatomy, physiology, midwifery, surgical and medical nursing are held; while a Lady Superintendent directly supervises the practical training of the probationers.

The nursing arrangements in the Calcutta Medical College hospitals and in the Presidency General Hospital are supervised and controlled by the Calcutta Hospital Nurses Institution. There are at present 21 Indian nurses employed in the Eden Hospital.

3. It will appear from the above facts that Government and other bodies concerned with nursing arrangements, have for some time past been anxious to induce Indian women to undertake nursing as a profession. This

question has been raised on more than one occasion recently in the Legislative Council with apparently two objects. On the one hand, the desire to popularize nursing as a profession among Indian women appears to aim at securing greater economy in hospital management by the employment of a cheaper agency, while on the other hand it appears to be thought that nursing may offer an avenue of employment for Indian ladies of a higher social status, who through widowhood or other causes may have no strong domestic ties. A fairly good general education is necessary to enable a probationer to assimilate and profit by the course of training required by a nurse, while under the recent orders of Government to which reference will shortly be made, a somewhat arduous curriculum of theoretical instruction and practical work is prescribed for those desiring to be enrolled as qualified nurses. It is, however, possibly not the menial tasks to which a nurse must submit, which renders this profession somewhat unattractive to Indian ladies of the middle classes, but rather the unaccustomed publicity into which a nurse is inevitably forced by the nature of her profession. However this may be, Government for some time past have been anxious to popularize nursing as a profession amongst Indian women, and it is desired to ascertain whether more effective measures can be taken to secure this end.

4. Government are satisfied that it is essential to prescribe a high standard of professional qualifications for the fully trained and certified nurse. The State Medical Faculty of Bengal recently addressed Government in this behalf, and in accordance with their recommendations, orders were issued on the 30th January 1922, approving the inauguration of a regular course of instruction and a qualifying examination for nurses in Bengal. It is unnecessary to refer to these proposals in detail, but, briefly, Government have approved the issue of a Senior and Junior Certificate in Nursing, in each case with a three-years' course which includes—besides practical training—instruction in elementary anatomy, physiology and hygiene. Examinations are to be held at the end of the first and second years of the course by the authorities of the institutions, approved for the training of nurses, while the final examination for the qualifying certificate is to be held by the State Medical Faculty. For the present the Senior Certificate Examination is open only to nurses who have been trained at the Calcutta Medical College and the Presidency General Hospital, although the recognition of other institutions which may be properly staffed and adequately equipped for training purposes, may be granted subsequently. Provision for training nurses up to the junior standard exists at the Calcutta Medical College and the Sambhu Nath Pandit Hospital, while the training imparted in the Dufferin Hospital, although restricted to the nursing of women and children, will qualify nurses for the final junior certificate, if supplemented by a six-months' training in the men's wards of a general hospital.

Orders have also issued for the institution of separate examinations for Midwives for the two Certificates to be known as the Senior and Junior Midwives' Certificates. The Calcutta Medical College (Eden Hospital), the Sambhu Nath Pandit Hospital and the Dufferin Hospital are recognized as institutions for the training of midwives. The course for the Senior Midwives' Certificate is limited to one year, of which six months are to be devoted to instruction in elementary midwifery and the practical nursing of women and children, and six months to obstetrical nursing with the personal conduct of 20 labour cases and attendance at not less than 100 confinements. The course for the Junior Midwives' Certificate extends over 14 months, of which six months are to be allotted to instruction in elementary midwifery and the practical nursing of women and children, and eight months to obstetrical nursing, while candidates for this certificate must have personally conducted 10 labour cases and have attended at least 50 such cases.

The examinations in all cases will be held by the State Medical Faculty, and the certificates will be issued by this authority.

It is clear that courses of this kind involve hard work and steady application, but as already stated, Government are of opinion that it would be an unwise and retrograde step to certify any nurses, whose capacity and application have not been tested by severe standards of this kind.

5. It is natural that candidates for the nursing profession should desire to be assured that profitable employments will be available after obtaining their certificates. It cannot be stated that the outlook under present conditions for Indian nurses is very hopeful. They can aspire to become Staff Nurses for the Sambhu Nath Pandit Hospital or may undertake private nursing either independently in connection with the hostel associated with Lady Roger's name, or again (more rarely) they may find employment in mofussil hospitals. The number of Staff Nurses in the Sambhu Nath Pandit Hospital is, however, small, while the demand for Indian nurses through the hostel is small. The Indian public is beginning to appreciate the essential need for good nursing in most forms of illness, but it is probable that for some time to come, the fact will not be fully grasped that good nursing is the handmaiden to proper surgical or medical treatment. The mofussil hospitals might appear to offer some scope for the trained Indian nurses, but unfortunately these hospitals are at present usually in financial difficulties and are generally unable to meet the cost of engaging a trained nurse.

There is, however, a wide field for Indian nurses in the large general hospitals of Calcutta which at present are almost entirely staffed by European or Anglo-Indian nurses. The Calcutta Hospital Nurses' Institution has definitely expressed its willingness to provide employment for Indian nurses who have been properly trained, and Government (Ministry of Local Self-Government) desire that measures may, if possible, be devised, to attract Indian ladies to this profession, with the prospect of obtaining remunerative employment in the organization which the Calcutta Hospital Nurses' Institution so ably controls.

6. Government recognize that in a matter of this kind, it is impossible to devise a scheme with any prospect of success, unless the social and economic factors of the problem are carefully weighed. It is hoped that a strong committee in close touch with Indian life and comprising representatives of the nursing institutions and of the medical profession, both official and non-official, may be in a position to make practical recommendations regarding the measures required to foster and encourage the adoption of trained nursing as a profession by Indian ladies of higher social status than the majority of those who have hitherto made nursing their career.

Government have therefore decided to appoint a committee to report on the whole question, consisting of the following ladies and gentlemen who have kindly agreed to serve:—

1. Mr. R. Langford James, M.L.C. (*President*.)
2. Sir Ashutosh Chaudhuri, M.L.C.
3. Rai Bahadur Radha Charan Pal, M.L.C.
4. The President of the Calcutta Nurses' Institution.
5. The Superintendent of the Medical College Hospital.
6. The Superintendent of the Campbell Hospital.
7. The Superintendent of the Sambhu Nath Pandit Hospital.
8. Lady Bose.
9. Lady Mookerjee.
10. Lady Superintendent, Medical College Hospitals.
11. Lady Superintendent, Dufferin Hospital.
12. The Nursing Superintendent, Sambhu Nath Pandit Hospital.
13. Mr. Tarit Bhushan Roy, M.L.C.
14. Rai Bahadur Dr. Haridhane Dutt, M.L.C., and
15. Dr. Hossain Suhrawardy, M.L.C.

By order of the Government of Bengal
(Ministry of Local Self-Government),

S. W. GOODE,
Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the Rivers Ganges and Brahmaputra at Goalundo for the week ending the 1st July 1922.

Date and date.	Hour.	Height of surface above or below zero of gauge.	Height of surface above mean sea-level.	Height of surface above mean sea-level on same date last year.	Remarks.
1922.					
25th June	7 A.M.	16.3	16.3	20.0	Zero is placed at mean sea-level. The bench mark for the gauge is on a pucca pillar, between the passenger ghat and Chandpur ghat. Its reduced level is 26.84.
26th "	7 "	17.0	17.0	19.9	
27th "	7 "	17.5	17.5	19.9	
28th "	7 "	18.0	18.0	19.7	
29th "	7 "	18.4	18.4	19.6	
30th "	7 "	19.0	19.0	19.6	
1st July	7 "	19.5	19.5	19.8	

The previous year	...	Highest water-level	...	25.6 on 27th July 1921.
Ditto	...	Lowest	...	4.3 on 16th February and 4th March 1921.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Highest	...	26.75 on 28th August 1906.
Record (average flood in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.74 on 20th and 21st August 1893.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra and Ganges)	...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 11th to 17th and 21st August 1889 and on 1st to 3rd September 1893.
Record (H.F. in Brahmaputra only)	...	Ditto	...	25.66 on 31st July 1900.
Do.	...	Lowest	...	1.0 on 8th February 1911.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	2.42 on 13th March 1908.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	2.91 on 21st to 24th February 1884 and 3th to 9th March 1884.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	8.16 on 9th to 11th March 1886.
Do.	...	Ditto	...	8.16 on 16th, 17th and 20th to 31st March 1901.

N.B.—The gauge readings commenced from 3rd October 1909.

N. C. GUPTA, for Subdivisional Officer,

KAJBARI, the 2nd July 1922.

R. W. D., Faridpur.

Statement of weekly gauge readings on the River Ganges at Rampur-Boalia for the week ending the 1st July 1922.

Date.	Hour.	Height of surface above zero.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum.	Height of surface above P. W. D. datum on the same date last year.	Remarks.
1922.					
25th June	8 A.M.	45.70	43.70	40.15	P. W. D. datum 6.25 ft. above Kadderpore old dock sill. B. M. on College stop, 64.23.
26th "	8 "	44.40	44.40	40.40	
27th "	8 "	45.40	45.40	40.80	
28th "	8 "	46.80	46.80	41.80	
29th "	8 "	47.80	47.80	43.20	
30th "	8 "	48.40	48.40	44.60	
1st July	8 "	49.00	49.00	45.70	

		Old value.	According to P. W. D. datum.
The previous year	Highest water-level	on 7th September 1921	60.80
Ditto	Lowest	on 27th and 28th April and 9th May 1922	54.70
Record	Highest	69.25 on 26th August 1879	64.44
Do.	Ditto	67.08 on 9th September 1884	64.27
Do.	Ditto	68.30 on 25th August 1906	65.47
Do.	Ditto	68.21 on 26th August 1890	68.40
Do.	Lowest	57.88 on 26th April 1884	32.82
Do.	Ditto	58.12 on 14th and 16th April 1883	38.32
Do.	Ditto	59.02 on 21st and 22nd April 1897	54.21
Do.	Ditto	59.28 on 6th and 7th May 1908	54.47

N.B.—The gauge readings commenced from the 1st August 1887.

JADAB CHANDRA GHOSH, for Subdivisional Officer,

BOALIA, the 1st July 1922.

P. W. D., Jangipur.

**Statement showing the gauge-readings at Dacca Water-works station
on the river Buriganga for the week ending the 1st July 1922.**

Date.	At 7 A.M.	AT HIGHEST WATER.		AT LOWEST WATER.		At 5 P.M.	REMARKS.
		Time.	Readings.	Time.	Readings.		
1922.							
25th June	59.6	10.0	60.0	16.30	58.85	59.95	B.T. 10-10. P.T. 10-45.
26th "	59.7	10.45	60.5	17.35	59.4	59.5	B.T. 11. P.T. 17-45.
27th "	60.6	11.35	61.2	...	...	60.25	B.T. 11-55. P.T. 9-45.
28th "	60.8	12.35	61.4	6.35	60.7	60.75	B.T. 12-30. P.T. 7-45.
29th "	61.1	13.45	61.5	7.25	61.0	61.3	B.T. 12-45.
30th "	61.85	...	...	...	...	61.9	Slight tide.
1st July	61.9	...	...	...	...	61.95	Ditto.

Notable high and low water-levels of previous years.

				High.	
27th August	1905	...	...	70.5	
5th September	1909	...	...	67.85	
10th August	1910	...	...	69.80	
1st "	1911	...	...	69.68	
12th "	1912	...	...	67.16	
31st "	1915	...	...	69.7	Taken at high tide.
18th "	1916	...	...	68.1	
12th "	1917	...	...	67.1	
31st "	1918	...	...	69.12	
2nd "	1919	...	...	68.8	
8th September	1920	...	...	66.9	
25th July	1921	...	...	68.4	
				Low.	
26th February	1907	...	...	61.08	
18th "	1908	...	...	61.06	
12th March	1912	...	...	61.06	
6th "	1914	...	...	60.80	
22nd February	1915	...	...	60.40	
16th "	1916	...	...	60.80	Taken at low tide.
3rd March	1917	...	...	61.0	
21st February	1918	...	...	61.40	
26th "	1919	...	...	60.4	
18th "	1920	...	...	60.9	
19th "	1921	...	...	60.9	

N.B.—Zero of the gauge at Dacca Water-works = -48.61 with reference to P.W. D. datum.

B. N. BAGCHI, for *Executive Engineer.*

DACCA, the 7th July 1922.

Dacca Division.

Vital Statistics for the month of February 1922 of the

Districts	No.	Towns.	POPULATION UNDER ADMINISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1931.			STATES REGISTERED.		Chhota	Sawal-pala	Pargua	Malaria	Kutiric trees.	Mandal	Religious fees.	Kale-Asht.
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding milk-birds).	Bull-born number registered.								
Bardwan	1	Bardwan	19,548	18,933	38,481	25					21				
	2	Bariganj	8,060	8,466	16,526	67		1							
	3	Amraol	19,464	13,034	32,498	9									
	4	Bankura	12,923	11,869	24,792	31									
Bankura	5	Vishnupur	2,786	2,662	5,448	21		2			12				
	6	Kosumtali	8,140	8,504	16,644	10					2				
Midnapur	7	Midnapur	18,724	12,941	31,665	49		2							
	8	Chital	8,666	8,115	16,781	27					4				
Hooghly	9	Hooghly-Chinnara	16,734	12,715	29,449	84			1		12				
	10	Serampur	30,819	22,967	53,786	46		3							
	11	Kabra-Konnagar	18,080	8,929	27,009	39		2			4				
	12	Daldyabati	8,176	7,861	16,037	30					11				
Howrah	13	Bhadreswar	14,487	7,966	22,453	24		7							
	14	Chandpur	12,166	7,659	19,825	26		6							
	15	Howrah	122,473	98,929	221,402	865	37	26	44		43	10			
	16	Bally	12,964	7,915	20,879	28		1	1		4				
	17	Goswami-Chitpur	28,862	20,184	49,046	48		5	1		1				
	18	Maniktala	40,696	28,576	69,272	42	8	8	1		16	3	1		
	19	South Suburban	12,626	14,963	27,589	48	2	8	1		18				
	20	Tollygunj	18,326	8,311	26,637	38		6			4	2			
	21	Garden-Ranch	29,872	18,124	47,996	68		2	1		7	9			
	22	Budge-Budge	17,831	7,340	25,171	14		19	1						
	23	Baranagar	19,869	12,099	31,968	20	1	11			2	1			
	24 Parganas	24	Kamarkhata	14,966	8,032	23,018	21					6			
25		Kajpur	8,780	4,642	13,422	26		2	2		14				
26		South Dumdum	5,736	5,294	11,030	21		1			4				
27		Barakpur	14,677	7,882	22,559	13					7				
28		Pandit	8,148	4,018	12,166	11					8				
29		North Barakpur	5,426	5,261	10,687	28		3			3				
30		Tinaguri	60,638	15,918	76,556	42					21				
31		Garia	8,077	4,018	12,095	6					2				
32		Naihati	18,464	7,832	26,296	23					1				
33		Kanchrapara	7,183	2,120	9,303	18									
34		Bhatpara	46,728	19,366	66,094	28		1			1			1	1
Calcutta		35	Basilhat	10,148	9,109	19,257	27		1						11
	36	Bedaria	7,496	6,632	14,128	20					19				
	37	Calcutta	617,846	220,261	838,107	1,226	72	78	71	4	91	23	4		17
	38	Erishnagar	11,877	10,639	22,516	30					6				
Nadia	39	Nadia or Nabadwip	7,791	8,192	15,983	20		1	1		11				
	40	Santipur	11,242	12,460	23,702	16								19	

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Diseases.	Typhoid fever.	Diarrhoea.	Enteric fever.	Erysipelas.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Larynx & trachea.	Deaths from child-birth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.			Total of corresponding month of previous year.			No.	Town.
										Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Burien.	
6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Danbury.	
4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Anneville.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Sankara.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Vishnupur.	
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Somamukhi.	
9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Midnapur.	
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ghatik.	
0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hoghly-Chumra.	
17	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Serampur.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Rahma-Kennagar.	
0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Kaldyabatt.	
10	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Bhadreswar.	
10	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Chandpur.	
98	47	35	0	47	13	72	6	0	196	234	380	264	150	221	751	Howrah.	
9	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Nally.	
9	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Cowpar-Dalpur.	
0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Maniktala.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	South Suburban.	
0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Tollyganj.	
23	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Garde-Bench.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Budge-Budge.	
13	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Baranagar.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Kachchali.	
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Hajipur.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	South Dum-Dum.	
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Barrakpur.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Paschim.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	North Baranagar.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Tilghat.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Garuha.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Nafkhal.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Kanchrapara.	
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Bhatpara.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Beslhat.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Baduria.	
118	128	88	77	280	178	303	80	4	644	1,363	246	3,151	1,425	1,586	2,116	Calcutta.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Krishnagar.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Nadia or Nabadwip.	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Battipor.	

Vital Statistics for the month of February 1922 of the

District.	No.	Town.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1911.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.									
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding stillbirths).	Still-born number registered.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Typhoid.	Malaria.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Others.
Murshidabad.	41	Berhampur	14,719	11,351	26,070	62	...	...	13	...	6	...	...	1	...
	42	Marshallabad	5,901	5,355	10,056	31	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...
	43	Atimganj	5,474	5,355	11,301	10	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...
	44	Kandi	5,805	5,584	11,749	22	...	10	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Jessore	45	Jalpaiguri	5,167	5,679	10,739	32	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...
	46	Jessore	6,410	5,789	10,899	2	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...
Khulna	47	Khulna	10,222	8,916	16,049	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...
	48	Batkhira	5,345	4,751	10,399	12	...	2	...	...	8	...	...	...	...
Bajubahi	49	Rampur-Bonla	12,081	10,767	24,396	60	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	50	Dinajpur	10,979	7,002	18,022	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Jaipalguri	51	Jaipalguri	5,305	5,555	10,860	3	...	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	...
Darjeeling	52	Darjeeling	19,877	9,865	29,385	86	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	53	Rangpur	19,462	7,017	19,979	51	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...
Dogra	54	Dogra	7,227	5,045	12,292	5	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...
Fakir	55	Patna	10,259	6,861	19,243	17	1	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...
	56	Birgaon	12,750	11,768	24,518	42	...	...	...	...	29	...	...	...	...
Malda	57	Kogila Bazar	7,242	8,188	14,067	19	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...
	58	Nawabganj	6,481	6,523	12,885	28	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	...
Dacca	59	Dacca	97,333	52,117	119,450	272	10	4	2	...	10	...	1	...	22
	60	Narajanganj	10,422	11,180	20,502	58	8	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...
Mymensingh	61	Mymensingh	10,597	6,600	16,267	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	62	Jamulpur	12,065	10,547	22,112	24	...	...	...	...	26	...	...	...	...
	63	Sherpur	7,765	6,046	17,913	42	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	64	Kishanganj	10,800	8,918	19,518	45	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Barisal	65	Barisal	9,945	5,522	11,244	15	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	66	Tangail	7,642	6,763	14,305	27	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	67	Uttarpara	5,772	5,751	11,523	25	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	68	Madaripur	14,209	10,988	25,297	37	2	...	2	...	12	...	...	...	...
Chittagong	69	Barisal	17,884	9,160	26,744	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	70	Phulpur	7,516	6,336	13,841	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tippera	71	Chittagong	34,117	11,913	46,030	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	72	Coxilla	10,638	10,261	20,914	19	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tippera	73	Shahdhanbadi	12,307	11,047	23,614	60	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	74	Chandpur	10,626	6,483	16,116	16	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
Total of month			1,768,376	1,049,373	2,817,749	4,064	127	127	168	4	606	59	7	27	6
Total of corresponding month of previous year.			...	...	...	4,062	104	556	98	3	1,035	47	50	150	1
Increase + or decrease.			...	...	...	-20	-67	-297	+70	+1	-429	-8	-38	-123	5

REMARKS—1. The above table is compiled from returns collected by the municipalities and submitted to the Director of Public Health by the Civil Surgeons, and in a few instances are obviously incomplete.

2. The vital statistics of municipalities with a population of less than 10,000 have been excluded from this statement and incorporated.

3. The birth and death ratios per mille per annum have been omitted from this statement according to the Government of India.

THE FUTURE REMAINED

Taken as a whole, the statement provides a relative value, although the figures for individual towns probably only approximate to the actual in a proportion of cases in the returns for districts as recorded in Bengal Government. A. Principal Department, letter No. 118 Baa., dated the 8th February 1918. Education Department, letter No. 91, dated the 19th March 1918.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, *Director of Public Health, Bengal.*

Vital Statistics for the month of February 1922 of the Districts

Division.	No.	District.	POPULATION UNDER REGISTRATION ACCORDING TO CENSUS OF 1911.			BIRTHS REGISTERED.		DEATHS							
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Number registered (excluding still-births).	Still-born number registered.	Cook.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Malaria.	Beriberi.	Measles.	Relapsing fever.	Sub-Ar.
Burdwan	1	Burdwan	660,222	878,938	1,539,160	2,801	22	54	2	...	2,593	...	...	...	5
	2	Birbham	472,906	424,844	897,750	3,064	74	2	2	...	1,360	...	...	...	...
	3	Baokarn	490,928	483,662	974,590	2,101	1	24	1	...	629	2	1	90	24
	4	Majnapur	1,218,372	1,808,662	3,027,034	5,924	81	559	114	...	1,437	15	20	58	...
	5	Hoochly	469,451	442,093	911,544	3,723	6	43	10	...	1,791	...	...	1	...
	6	Howrah	891,416	897,478	1,788,894	1,567	7	308	6	...	618	7	...	...	...
Presidency	7	De-Fergonae	1,002,346	869,129	1,871,475	4,076	64	418	21	...	1,714	8	77	10	23
	8	Nadia	731,221	598,862	1,330,083	2,608	21	12	12	...	2,397	...	...	...	1
	9	Murshidabad	691,674	569,743	1,261,417	2,464	119	97	12	...	1,120	8	3	12	17
	10	Jessore	667,085	524,846	1,191,931	2,920	177	63	10	...	2,464	...	...	...	...
	11	Kulna	741,741	644,846	1,386,587	2,248	183	70	...	...	1,678	1	...	...	1
	12	Rajshahi	705,589	721,033	1,426,622	2,323	280	187	...	...	2,274	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	13	Dinajpur	692,837	601,661	1,294,498	4,199	176	37	4	...	2,070	...	...	...	2
	14	Jalpaiguri	434,623	437,817	872,440	1,612	96	3	28	...	627	...	...	...	...
	15	Darjeeling	134,217	134,272	268,489	211	33	...	...	...	223	...	3	...	...
	16	Rangpur	1,304,781	1,133,097	2,437,878	2,762	244	...	6	...	1,489	...	...	...	...
	17	Rogra	881,420	804,614	1,686,034	1,803	67	21	...	...	875	...	...	...	...
	18	Pabna	661,694	662,039	1,323,733	2,270	125	19	2	...	1,492	...	1	...	1
Dacca	19	Malda	478,672	480,102	958,774	1,243	10	9	...	...	1,276	...	...	...	...
	20	Dacca	1,486,440	1,480,470	2,966,910	3,098	301	184	67	...	2,089	...	20	...	...
	21	Mymensingh	2,447,441	2,378,666	4,826,107	2,866	270	418	61	...	1,112	16	5	146	5
	22	Farakka	1,131,661	1,063,897	2,195,558	5,618	90	24	18	...	2,272	...	...	...	...
	23	Bakerganj	1,816,084	1,345,107	3,161,191	7,510	199	64	9	...	896	53	51	...	1
	24	Chittagong	781,745	821,637	1,603,382	2,964	277	6	75	...	119	297	...	...	2
Chittagong	25	Noakhali	738,222	724,064	1,462,286	2,273	226	77	...	...	879	...	...	...	...
	26	Tripura	1,367,898	1,211,095	2,578,993	4,228	274	244	6	...	222	6	12	26	...
	27	Chittagong Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Not under	...
Total of month for Bengal			22,388,840	21,614,998	43,993,838	90,976	2,801	2,810	490	...	40,778	394	192	316	84
Total of corresponding month of previous year.			...	...	...	130,712	2,432	6,067	1,169	1	70,023	849	269	736	116
Increase + or decrease -			...	...	...	-20,736	-1,631	-3,257	-679	-1	-29,245	-455	-87	-420	-31

REMARKS.—1. The above table is compiled from returns collected by the thana officers and submitted to the Director of Public Health by the District Surgeons.
 2. The vital statistics of municipalities with a population of less than 10,000 have been included in this statement with those of the respective Districts.
 3. Divisional totals and the birth and death rates per mille per annum have been omitted from the statement according to the Government of

CALCUTTA, the 3rd July 1922.

excluding Towns with a population of 10,000 and over in Bengal.

REGISTERED.

Other causes.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Infantile.	Typhoid.	Phthisis.	Other respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Deaths from childbirth.	Other causes.	Total of all causes.			Total of corresponding month of previous year.			No.	District.
										Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.		
100	42	1	...	21	3	61	15	...	244	1,782	1,417	2,170	2,542	2,381	4,784	1	Burdwan.
20	1	1	...	9	2	...	9	...	126	893	755	1,548	1,877	1,400	2,977	2	Birbhum.
789	40	40	15	85	6	25	10	0	429	1,149	1,003	2,132	1,782	1,648	3,340	3	Bansberia.
1,210	150	50	9	101	25	40	29	...	1,008	2,261	2,743	5,004	4,241	4,650	8,891	4	Midnapur.
32	55	57	6	86	9	10	21	...	280	1,380	1,138	2,454	1,283	1,120	2,353	5	Hoojly.
255	212	20	1	22	3	64	22	21	25	935	874	1,809	1,098	869	2,064	6	Howrah.
1,242	37	57	1	80	19	60	83	...	479	2,418	1,929	4,240	4,356	2,702	7,238	7	24-Pargannas.
601	4	...	9	79	6	7	29	5	227	1,694	1,331	2,425	2,582	2,224	5,009	8	Nadia.
207	9	2	...	12	...	6	12	6	492	1,660	1,374	2,934	1,770	1,577	3,347	9	Murshidabad.
55	8	6	12	29	3	12	19	100	411	2,278	1,647	4,533	4,046	3,622	7,869	10	Jessore.
710	11	1	25	9	2	5	44	...	571	1,381	1,066	2,436	1,612	1,278	3,708	11	Khulna.
84	4	2	...	3	...	3	25	9	220	2,011	1,785	3,826	2,248	2,162	4,400	12	Kalshahi.
626	...	3	...	4	1	4	17	2	127	2,222	1,865	4,101	2,428	2,322	5,050	13	Dinajpur.
118	21	11	1	24	10	18	7	2	71	669	576	1,245	1,229	1,044	2,245	14	Jalpaiguri.
217	9	...	79	...	3	8	9	...	91	242	808	945	454	242	777	15	Darjeeling.
1,927	5	1	...	9	2	...	7	12	70	2,207	1,741	3,948	3,046	2,066	4,351	16	Rangpur.
423	6	...	1	15	1	10	12	...	92	642	507	1,570	1,101	865	2,069	17	Bogra.
260	1	6	...	2	1	...	14	76	21	1,079	968	2,047	1,627	1,522	2,210	18	Pabna.
129	1	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	162	858	715	1,573	1,204	947	2,140	19	Malda.
1,928	75	1	...	...	...	...	20	8	722	2,228	2,194	4,582	2,199	2,094	4,190	20	Dacca.
2,497	22	20	...	14	22	16	24	12	994	2,642	2,122	5,335	2,785	2,809	5,594	21	Mymensingh.
6	19	4	...	4	2	2	23	...	271	1,450	1,196	2,646	2,109	2,275	4,081	22	Faridpur.
2,024	29	6	...	12	6	5	22	...	1,529	2,729	2,118	4,493	2,518	2,186	4,655	23	Bakerganj.
1,201	9	2	...	...	2	2	20	1	120	1,662	1,617	3,279	1,459	1,582	2,841	24	Chittagong.
1,214	10	1	...	...	...	1	22	...	274	1,667	1,091	2,378	1,640	1,479	3,119	25	Naogaon.
2,349	112	5	...	4	...	9	19	...	625	1,622	1,645	3,228	2,511	2,045	4,325	26	Tippera.
registration.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
22,791	685	214	122	5-2	142	247	662	221	10,221	42,761	37,716	81,476	...	...	...
21,217	1,188	208	266	227	64	493	240	27	12,165	61,321	52,364	116,534	...	...	...
+1,554	-200	+108	-112	+50	+96	-146	+25	+224	-2,085	-17,270	-17,598	-25,168	...	...	...

Taken as a whole, the statement possesses a relative value, although the figures for individual districts probably only approximate to the actual. Districts as ordered in Government of Bengal, Municipal Department, letter No. 11934, dated the 9th February 1918. India, Education Department, letter No. 22, dated the 29th March 1918.

CHAS. A. BENTLEY, Director of Public Health, Bengal.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL; IRRIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Approximate return of traffic on the Circular and Eastern Canals for the week ending Saturday, the 1st July 1922, as compared with the corresponding week of the previous year.

Nature of cargo.	WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 1ST JULY 1922.			WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, THE 2ND JULY 1921.		
	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tonnage.	Number of boats.	Weight of cargo.	Tonnage.
		Mds.	Ks.		Mds.	Ks.
Rice and paddy ...	216	40,980	618	210	34,185	536
Jute ...	66	63,850*	464	84	21,171†	191
Firewood ...	54	35,500	598	60	28,200	418
Other articles ...	1,141	313,905	3,089	566	184,044	1,862
Total ...	1,487	444,125	4,770	870	267,600	3,007
Empty boats and rafts ...	387	...	953	384	...	1,590
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,874	444,125	5,723	1,254	267,600	4,597

* Weight by canal measurement ... 55,455
 † Ditto ditto ... 23,670

T. O. BHATTACHARYA,

Assistant Secretary
 to the Government of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, the 7th July 1922.

CORRIGENDUM.

IN this office statement showing donations and endowments over Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 5,000 made by private individuals in the Burdwan Division for public purposes which have been acknowledged by Commissioner during the year 1921-22, published at page 767 of the Supplement to the *Calcutta Gazette*, May 3 1922, (i) delete all the entries shown in columns 2 to 5 against item No. 12 in respect of a sum of Rs. 3,083 shown as contributed by Babu Aswini Kumar Chatterji of Sibpur in the district of Howrah for opening a new road between Grand Trunk Road and Circular Road in Howrah Municipality, and (ii) for "Rs. 5,738-15-0" in column 6. Total of District for Howrah, read "Rs. 2,655-15-0" and for Rs. 42,921-15-0" in column 7. Total of Division read "Rs. 39,838-15-0."

K. C. DE, Commissioner.

COMM'R.'S OFFICE, BURDWAN DIVN., CHINSURA, the 8th July 1922.

DISTRICT REPORTS ON WEATHER AND CROPS.

For the week ending on the 5th July 1922.

Summary.—During the week weather was hot and rainy, the fall being heavy in places of North Bengal. Weeding of jute and autumn paddy and the transplantation of winter paddy continue. Harvesting of the early varieties of autumn paddy and jute has begun in a few districts. Prospects of standing crops are fair. The average price of common rice for the Province has remained stationary.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN ANNAS, PER RUTUP.		Character of the weather, condition of crops etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
1	24-PARGANAS	8.99	5	5	Weeding of jute and new paddy has commenced. The sowing of <i>aman</i> paddy seeds and its transplantation are continuing. Paddy has been damaged by inundation of Dakiri <i>beel</i> in Barrackpore subdivision. Effects of weather on crops generally are good. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Diamond Harbour.	1.22	5½	5½	
	Barrackpore	0.79	5½	5½	
	Barasat ...	0.45	5½	5½	
	Basirhat ...	2.97	6½	6	
2	NADIA ...	1.99	6	6	Weeding of autumn paddy and jute continues. Prospects of jute and winter paddy are fair. Prices are rising. Cattle-disease is reported from Ranaghat and Santipur thanas. Fodder and water are fairly sufficient.
	Kushtia ...	0.12	6	6	
	Meherpur ...	2.74	6½	6½	
	Ohudanga ...	2.19	6½	7½	
	Ranaghat ...	3.03	5½	5½	
3	MURSHIDABAD	0.53	6	6	Prospects of standing crops are fair. The transplanting of winter paddy and weeding of autumn paddy continue. No large export or import. Fodder is sufficient.
	Lalbagh ...	1.31	6	6	
	Jangipur ...	2.18	6	5½	
	Kandi ...	0.50	6½	6½	
4	JESSORE ...	1.31	7½	6½	Sowing of jute and autumn paddy has been finished. Weeding is in progress. Damage to certain extent of the standing crops has been reported from places. Export of rice continues to be reported from Bongaon. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jhenidah ...	2.03	6½	6½	
	Magura ...	0.73	6	6	
	Narail ...	3.29	6½	6½	
	Bongaon ...	0.85	6½	7	
5	KHULNA ...	0.97	6½	6½	Weather seasonable. Preparation of lands for the transplanting of winter paddy continue. Prospects of standing crops are satisfactory. Fodder and water are sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Morrelganj thana.
	Satkhira ...	2.05	5½	5½	
	Bagerhat ...	0.78	6½	6½	

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE IN SEER, PER MOPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
6	BURDWAN ...	1.14	5½	5½	Weather hot and rainy. Ploughing of lands and sowing and transplantation of winter paddy continue. Sugar-cane, jute and aus paddy have been affected by constant rainfall in Kulu. Cattle-disease is reported from Jannagar in Kulu.
	Asansol ...	4.87	5½	5½	
	Katwa ...	1.52	6	6	
	Kulu ...	0.48	5½	5½	
7	BIRBHUM ...	1.97	5½	5½	Weather cloudy. Transplantation of winter paddy seedlings has commenced. The condition of sugarcane is fair. Fodder is dear. Water is sufficient.
	Rampurhat ...	0.10	6	6	
8	BANKURA ...	0.64	6	6	Weather reasonable. Export of rice and paddy continues.
	Vishnupur ...	1.34	6½	6½	
9	MIDNAPORE	3.83	6½	6½	The effects of weather on jute are good. Prospects of til crop favourable. Sowing of broadcast winter paddy is in progress. Fodder is sufficient.
	Jhargram ...	(n)	(n)	5	
	Ghatal ...	0.05	(n)	5½	
	Tamluk ...	3.12	5½	6½	
	Contai ...	4.02	6½	6	
10	HOOGHLY ...	0.84	5	5	The effects of weather are favorable. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from Khanakul and Purani police-stations.
	Serampore ...	0.42	5½	5	
	Arambagh ...	0.48	6½	6½	
11	HOWRAH ...	10.84	5½	5½	Excessive rains have been injurious to crops. Transplantation of winter paddy is proceeding.
	Uluberia ...	2.45	6	6½	
12	RAJSHAHI (RAMPUR-BAGLIA).	1.65	6	6	The harvesting of jute has begun. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Naogaon ...	5.65	5½	5½	
	Nator ...	1.56	5½	5½	
13	DINAJPUR ...	2.77	7½	7½	Weather reasonable. The prospects of bhadoi crops and jute are not favourable. The transplanting of paddy has begun. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Thakurgaon ...	5.36	8	9	
	Balurghat ...	15.50	6½	6½	
14	JALPAIGURI	14.85	6½	6½	Weather cloudy and rainy. The prospects and condition of bhadoi paddy and jute are fair.
	Alipur ...	13.39	7	7	

(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivision.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEER, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, &c.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Inches.			
15	DARJEELING	9.51	5	5	Maize has been progressing well. Cattle-disease is prevalent in places. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Kurseong ...	26.68	6	6½	
	Siliguri ...	15.11	6	6	
	Kalimpong...	8.51	6	6	
16	RANPUR ...	6.69	7½	7½	Cattle-disease still exists in thana Sundarganj. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Nilphamari	5.36	7½	8	
	Kurigram ...	1.87	7	7½	
	Gaibandha ...	5.62	7	7	
17	BOGRA ...	2.16	6½	6½	Harvesting of jute and the preparation of lands for winter paddy have commenced in places.
18	PABNA ...	2.16	5½	5½	The light showers alternating with sunshine have facilitated the weeding operations. The prospects and condition of jute and <i>aus</i> paddy are good. The harvesting of jute and <i>aus</i> paddy on low lands has commenced; their outturn is fair. The grain market is steady. Agricultural stock and fodder and water-supply are sufficient.
	Sirajganj ...	1.92	6½	6½	
19	MALDA ...	1.85	6½	6	Ploughing of fields for the transplanting of winter paddy is in progress. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are available.
20	COOCH BEHAR	11.39	7	7	Weather reasonable. Cultivation of lands for transplantation of <i>haimanti</i> seedlings and the rearing of seeds in nurseries are going on. The transplanting has also commenced in places. Condition of standing crops is favourable. Fodder is sufficient.
21	DACCA ...	0.72	5½	5½	Weather hot with occasional showers. Harvesting of jute and <i>aus</i> paddy is continuing in some places. Transplantation of winter rice is going on. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Manikganj...	1.22	5½	5	
	Narayanganj	2.61	6	6	
	Munshiganj (a)	0.33	(n)	(n)	
22	MYMENSINGH	0.66	6½	6½	Weather is reasonable. Prospects of jute crop are satisfactory. Fodder and water are sufficient.
	Jamalpur ...	4.23	7	7	
	Tangail ...	3.83	5½	(n)	
	Netrakona ...	1.54	6½	6½	
	Kishorganj...	2.53	6½	6½	

(a) Munshiganj being very near to Dacca and Narayanganj, its rainfall statistics are not quoted. To give information regarding the northern part of the district, rainfall figures for Kapasia thana are reported here.
(n) Not reported.

Serial No.	District and subdivisions.	Rainfall.	PRICE OF COMMON RICE, IN SEERS, PER RUPEE.		Character of the weather, condition of crops, etc.
			This week.	Previous week.	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.
23	FARIDPUR ... Goalundo ... (Rajbari). Madaripur ... Gopalganj(a)	Inches. 0·88 3·48 1·63 1·24	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right\}$ 5½ 5½ 6	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right\}$ 6 5½ 6	The rain has been beneficial to the standing crops. Weeding of jute and paddy still continues. Prospects of standing crops except jute are favourable. Fodder is sufficient. Cattle-disease is reported from the Baliakandi and Goalundo thannas in Goalundo subdivision. Fodder is sufficient.
24	BAKARGANJ (BARISAL). Pirojpur ... Patuakhali... Dakshin Sha- bazpur (Bhola).	3·11 2·30 (n) 4·15	5½ 5½ (n) 5½	5½ 5½ 5½ 5½	Weather reasonable. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Fodder and water are sufficient.
25	CHITTAGONG Cox's Bazar	2·47 6·74	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right\}$ 6	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 6\frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right\}$ 6	Transplantation of aus and aman paddy is in progress; their prospects are fair. Fodder is sufficient. Panga salt is selling at 13 and 9 seers per rupee at Sadar and Cox's Bazar, respectively.
26	TIPPERA ... (COMILLA). Brahman- barui. Chandpur ...	0·47 0·66 2·19	5½ 5½ 5	5 5½ 5	Weather hot. Autumn paddy and jute are progressing and their prospects are fair. The cutting of jute is in progress in Chandpur subdivision. Cattle-disease is reported from the North Sadar subdivision.
27	NOAKHALI ... Feni ...	5·24 3·92	5½ 5½	5½ 5½	Weather reasonable. Prospects of standing crops are good. The continued heavy showers of rain have adversely affected paddy on lowlying tracts of Parasuram and Chhagalnaya in Feni subdivisions. Fodder and water are sufficient.
28	CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS.	2·83	5	5	Prospects of standing crops are favourable. Fodder and water are sufficient.
29	TRIPURA STATE.	0·84	5	5	Weather reasonable. Sowing of aus paddy is finished. Transplantation of panga aus paddy in low lands has begun. Prospects of standing crops are fair. Cleaned cotton is selling at Rs. 26 to Rs. 35 per maund. Fodder and water are sufficient.

* Bare a rice.

(a) The rainfall at Haridaspur which is very near to Gopalganj is shown here.
(n) Not reported.

J. C. ROY, for Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

DACCA, 8th July 1922.

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for week ending Thursday, the 8th July 1922.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.	Date.	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS DAY'S HEIGHT.		HEIGHT ABOVE P. W. D. DATE OF NEXT DATE IN—		Remarks.
						Rise.	Fall.	1921.	1920.	
Ganges ...	Monghyr ...	30th June 1922	6 A.M. ...	111.30'	0.00'	111.30'	1.80'	110.10'	107.60'	
	Rajmahal ...	30th "	6 " ...	13.90'	56.319'	70.219'	0.20'	69.269'	66.019'	
	Gaulundo ...	3th "	8 hours ...	19.00'	4.896'	23.896'	0.60'	24.496'	26.496'	
Brahmaputra	Uauhati ...	30th "	8 A.M. ...	25.90'	135.18'	161.08'	0.30'	157.48'	164.18'	
	Sirajganj ...	30th "	12 hours ...	37.40'	1.509'	38.909'	0.50'	39.309'	41.309'	
	Dibrugarh ...	30th "	8 A.M. ...	22.10'	314.18'	336.28'	...	332.18'	337.68'	
Meghna	Bhairab Bazar ...	30th "	6 hours ...	13.92'	1.61'	15.53'	0.33'	...	14.03'	
	Chandpur ...	30th "	9-30 hours	10.83'	1.61'	12.44'	0.08'	11.11'	10.86'	
	Fenchuganj ...	30th "	7 " ...	25.40'	1.509'	26.909'	0.10'	30.709'	26.809'	
Dhaleswari	Sabhar ...	30th "	7 A.M. ...	24.40'	-8.62'	15.78'	0.30'	15.58'	15.08'	
	Swarupganj ...	30th "	6 " ...	16.74'	1.509'	18.249'	0.12'	8.612'	5.149'	
	Edilpur ...	30th "	6 " ...	11.08'	92.58'	103.66'	...	0.75'	95.83'	
Lakhya	Narayanganj ...	30th "	6 " ...	19.73'	-5.59'	14.14'	...	0.14'	13.41'	
	Takerhat ...	30th "	6 " ...	9.60'	-0.599'	9.001'	Steady.	5.101'	8.501'	

(Lower Kinnar).

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for week ending Thursday, the 6th July 1922.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.	Date	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Zero of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS DAY'S HEIGHT.			Height above P. W. D. datum on same date in 1921.	Remarks.
						Rise.	Fall.	...		
Ganges ...	Monghyr ...	1st July 1922...	111.50'	0.00'	111.50'	0.20'	...	...	110.20'	108.50'
	Rajnabai ...	1st "	16.00'	56.319'	72.319'	2.10'	...	...	70.319'	67.219'
	Goalundo ...	1st "	19.50'	4.896'	24.396'	0.50'	...	...	24.696'	23.896'
Brahmaputra	Gauhati ...	1st "	26.20'	135.18'	161.38'	0.30'	...	...	157.68'	154.28'
	Sirajganj ...	1st "	37.90'	1.509'	39.409'	0.50'	...	...	39.209'	41.609'
	Dibrugarh ...	1st "	21.70'	314.18'	335.88'	...	0.40'	...	334.28'	336.18'
Meghna	Bhairab Bazar ...	1st "	14.08'	1.61'	15.69'	0.17'	...	...	...	14.53'
	Chandpur ...	1st "	10.83'	1.61'	12.44'	Steady			11.36'	11.11'
	Fenchuganj ...	1st "	25.50'	1.509'	27.009'	0.10'	...	...	30.809'	27.209'
Dhaleswari	Sabhar ...	1st "	24.80'	- 8.62'	16.18'	0.40'	...	...	15.48'	16.38'
	Swarupganj ...	1st "	16.82'	1.509'	18.329'	0.08'	...	...	7.799'	5.169'
	Edilpur ...	1st "	11.50'	92.58'	104.08'	0.42'	...	...	98.75'	94.83'
Lakhye	Narayanganj ...	1st "	19.83'	- 5.59'	14.24'	0.10'	...	...	14.16'	13.66'
	Madaripur Bil Route (Lower Kuthar).	1st "	9.80'	- 0.599'	9.201'	0.20'	...	...	9.051'	8.701'

Statement showing the daily gauge-readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for week ending Thursday, the 6th July 1922.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.	Date.	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Compared with previous days height.		Height above P. W. D. datum on same date is—		Remarks.
					Rise.	Fall.	1921.	1920.	
Ganges ...	Mouglhy ...	2nd July 1922	6 A.M. ...	111.50'	0.00'	111.50'	Steady	111.30'	108.60'
	Rajmahal ...	2nd "	6 "	16.20'	56.319'	72.519'	0.20'	70.719'	68.319'
	Goatundo ...	2nd "	8 hours ...	19.50'	4.896'	24.796'	0.40'	25.096'	24.290'
Brahmaputra	Ganhati ...	2nd "	8 A.M. ...	25.60'	185.18'	160.78'	...	158.18'	164.68'
	Sirajganj ...	2nd "	12 hours ...	38.20'	1.509'	39.709'	0.30'	39.709'	42.109'
	Dibrugarh ...	2nd "	9 A.M. ...	20.90'	814.18'	335.08'	...	336.48'	334.28'
Meghna ...	Bhairab Bazar ...	2nd "	6 hours ...	14.50'	1.61'	16.11'	0.42'	...	15.03'
	Chaudpur ...	2nd "	12 "	10.58'	1.61'	12.19'	...	11.53'	11.61'
	Fenchuganj ...	2nd "	7 "	25.60'	1.509'	27.109'	0.10'	30.809'	27.509'
Dhaleswari	Babbar ...	2nd "	7 A.M. ...	25.20'	-8.62'	16.58'	0.40'	15.48'	16.48'
	Swarupganj ...	2nd "	6 "	16.59'	1.509'	18.099'	...	7.169'	5.139'
	Ellipur ...	2nd "	6 "	11.25'	92.58'	103.83'	...	97.50'	94.74'
Lakhsya ...	Narayanganj ...	2nd "	6 "	19.83'	-5.59'	14.24'	Steady	14.41'	14.24'
	Madaripur Bil Ronte (Lower Kumri).	2nd "	6 "	10.00'	-0.599'	9.401'	0.20'	9.01'	8.901'

Statement showing the daily gauge-readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for week ending Thursday, the 8th July 1922.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.	Date.	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to above P. W. D. datum.	Height above P. W. D. datum.	COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS DAY'S HEIGHT.		HEIGHT ABOVE P. W. D. DATUM OF SAME DATE IN—		Remarks.
						Rise.	Fall.	1921.	1920.	
Ganges ...	Monghyr ...	4th July 1922	6 A.M. ...	112.60'	0.00'	112.60'	0.50'	...	113.00'	108.30'
	Rajmahal ...	4th "	6 "	16.70'	56.319'	73.019'	0.30'	...	72.019'	68.919'
	Gosaiundo ...	4th "	8 hours ...	20.10'	4.896'	24.996'	0.10'	...	26.196'	25.096'
Brahmaputra	Gauhati ...	4th "	8 A.M. ...	26.00'	135.18'	161.18'	0.50'	...	160.48'	163.78'
	Sirajganj ...	4th "	4.30 hours ...	38.60'	1.509'	40.109'	Steady	...	40.409'	42.409'
	Dibrugarh ...	4th "	9 A.M. ...	21.70'	314.18'	335.88'	0.50'	...	336.18'	333.78'
Meghna...	Bhairab Bazar	4th "	6 hours ...	15.00'	1.61'	16.61'	0.17'	...	18.94'	15.86'
	Chandpur ...	4th "	14.30 "	10.50'	1.61'	12.11'	Steady	...	11.36'	12.36'
	Fenchuganj ...	4th "	7 "	25.70'	1.309'	27.209'	Steady	...	30.709'	28.009'
Dhaleswari	Sabhar ...	4th "	7 A.M. ...	25.70'	-8.62'	17.08'	0.20'	...	15.88'	16.88'
Bhagirathi	Swarupganj ...	4th "	6 "	16.30'	1.409'	17.809'	...	0.10'	7.219'	5.089'
Damodar	Edilpur ...	4th "	8 "	7.17'	92.58'	99.75'	...	3.67'	95.75'	94.66'
Lakhya	Narayanganj	4th "	6 "	20.08'	-5.59'	14.49'	0.17'	...	15.01'	14.91'
Madaripur Bil Route (Lower Kumar).	Takerhat ...	4th "	6 "	10.40'	-0.599'	9.801'	0.25'	...	9.301'	9.301'

Statement showing the daily gauge readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for week ending Thursday, the 5th July 1922.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.	Date.	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above store P. W. D. datum.	Compared with previous days height.		Height above P. W. D. datum on same date as—		Remarks.
						Rise.	Fall.	1921.	1922.	
Ganges ...	5th July 1922.	6 A.M.	113.00	0.00	113.00	0.40	...	113.70	108.40	
	5th "	6 "	16.80	56.319	73.119	0.10	...	72.819	68.769	
	5th "	8 hours	20.40	4.896	25.296	0.30	...	25.796	25.396	
Brahmaputra	5th "	8 A.M.	25.90	135.18	161.08	...	0.10	161.78	162.28	
	5th "	12 hours	38.70	1.509	40.209	0.10	...	40.809	44.459	
	5th "	9 A.M.	20.60	314.18	334.78	...	1.10	335.08	334.18	
	5th "	6 "	15.00	1.61	16.61	Steady		19.03	16.11	
Meghna	5th "	15.30	10.83	1.61	12.44	0.33	...	11.61	12.61	
	5th "	7 "	25.75	1.509	27.259	0.05	...	30.709	28.259	
	5th "	7 A.M.	23.90	-8.62	17.28	0.20	...	16.18	17.08	
Dhaleswari	5th "	6 "	15.72	1.509	17.229	...	0.58	7.119	5.223	
Bhagirathi	5th "	6 "	6.50	92.58	99.08	...	0.67	95.50	100.66	
Damodar	5th "	6 "	20.25	-5.59	14.66	0.17	...	15.24	15.16	
Lakhya ...	5th "	6 "	10.30	-0.599	9.701	...	0.10	9.351	9.601	
Madaripur Bit Route (Lower Kumar).	5th "	6 "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Statement showing the daily gauge-readings of certain rivers at the stations named below for week ended Thursday, the 5th July 1922.

Name of river and place where readings are taken.	Date.	Hour.	Reading on gauge.	Value of zero referred to P. W. D. datum.	Height above datum.	COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS DAY'S HEIGHT.		HEIGHT ABOVE P. W. D. DATUM ON DATE IN—		Remarks.
						Rise.	Fall.	1921.	1922.	
Ganges ...	6th July 1922	6 A.M. ...	113.30'	0.00'	113.30'	0.30'	...	113.40'	108.20'	
	6th "	6 " "	17.30'	56.319'	73.619'	0.50'	...	73.519'	68.569'	
	6th "	8 hours...	20.70'	4.896'	25.596'	0.30'	...	27.296'	25.596'	
Brahmaputra	6th "	8 A.M. ...	25.90'	135.18'	161.08'	Steady		162.08'	162.38'	
	6th "	12 ^h hours...	38.90'	1.509'	40.409'	0.20'	...	41.109'	42.459'	
	6th "	9 A.M. ...	21.00'	314.18'	335.18'	0.40'	...	333.68'	333.38'	
	6th "	6 hours...	15.08'	1.61'	16.69'	0.08'	...	19.11'	16.44'	
Meghna	6th "	16.30 " "	10.83'	1.61'	12.44'	Steady		12.11'	12.86'	
	6th "	7 " "	25.80'	1.509'	27.309'	0.05'	...	30.609'	28.409'	
	6th "	7 A.M. ...	23.10'	-8.62'	17.48'	0.20'	...	16.38'	17.48'	
Dhaleswari	6th "	6 " "	15.12'	1.509'	16.629'	...	0.60'	6.963'	5.289'	
Bhagirathi	6th "	6 " "	7.00'	92.58'	99.58'	0.50'	...	95.16'	100.00'	
Damodar	6th "	6 " "	20.54'	-5.59'	14.95'	0.29'	...	15.78'	15.49'	
Lakshya	6th "	6 " "	10.45'	-0.599'	9.851'	0.15'	...	9.351'	9.801'	
Madaripur Bli Route (Lower Kumar).	6th "	6 " "								

Statement showing the quantity of salt in Bonded Warehouses and affloat on the river Hooghly on the 30th day of June 1922 and transactions during the half-month from the 16th to the 30th June 1922.

Description of Salt.	In Bulk in Government godas (Bonded).	Quantity admt.	Total.	TRANSACTIONS DURING HALF MONTH FROM THE 16TH TO THE 30TH JUNE 1922, INCLUSIVE.			
				Quantity on which duty has been paid.	Manifested quantity arrived in the port of Calcutta.	Deliveries from ship-board for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses.	Deliveries from bonded warehouses for consumption and for inland bonded warehouses.
United Kingdom—	Mds. Srs.	Mds.	Mds. Srs.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool and other Foreign salt.	68,556 0	181,645	250,201 0	53,106	180,633	13,280	62,882
Other European countries—							
Spanish salt	415,235 0	214,184	629,419 0	40,860	194,670	26,860	14,110
Hamburg and Bremen salt.	179,796 0	...	179,796 0	48,090	...	...	7,600
Hamburg and Bremen Rock salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Port Said salt	714,189 0	24,877	739,066 0	118,950	76,323	106,350	80,800
Aden and Red Sea—							
Aden salt	847,035 0	540,401	1,387,436 0	116,814	511,778	51,650	54,743
Salif salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salif rock salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rawayah salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Masawa salt	369,466 10	157,889	527,355 10	68,800	167,869	...	53,600
Muscat and Persian Gulf—							
Muscat, Lingah and Hanjan salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto ditto rock salt.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
British India—							
Bombay salt ... ..	...	201,779	201,779 0	...	266,135	58,960	...
Madras salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cochin salt ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tuticorin salt ... ..	...	20,000	20,000 0	20,000	20,000	...	...
Kayalpatnam salt ... ..	...	...	...	4,000	...	...	...
Total	2,896,287 10	1,820,729	4,717,016 10	490,090	1,411,539	266,040	298,794

* Beside 100,058 mounds in balance in the private licensed warehouses at Ramkrishnagar.

Written off during the half-month—				Mds.
Wastage in Bulk in godas	...	...	...	5,146
Abandoned and destroyed	...	...	...	16
In transit—				
Liverpool salt	...	...	...	5,500
Port Said salt	...	...	...	19,320
Aden salt	...	...	...	20,000

S. N. GUPTA,

Assistant Collector of Customs for Imports.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 10th July 1922.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 19, 1922.

SUPPLEMENT.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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LIBERALITY OF RAJA SATYA NIRANJAN CHAKRABATTI OF HETAMPUR.

No. 2015 P.H., dated Calcutta, the 11th July 1922.

From—S. W. GOODE, ESQ., I.C.S., offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Local Self-Government Department (Public Health),

To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

WITH reference to your letter No. 353 J.G., dated the 25th May 1922, reporting a donation of Rs. 25,000 made by Raja Satya Niranjan Chakrabatti of Hetampur, in the district of Birbhum, towards the Suri Waterworks Scheme, I am directed to request that the thanks of Government (Ministry of Local Self-Government) may be communicated to him for his liberality and public spirit.

PRELIMINARY FORECAST OF THE JUTE CROP, 1922..

Consolidated Statement for Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, and Assam.

(This Forecast deals with estimates of areas only. Estimates of output are dealt with in the Final Forecast.)

Area.—The estimated area under jute in the three Provinces is 1,456,546 acres, a decrease of 61,812 acres, or about 4.1 per cent. on last year's final figures.

The consolidated figures are as follows.

NAME OF PROVINCE.	ESTIMATED ACREAGE UNDER JUTE.			DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE PRELIMINARY FORECAST, 1922 AND FINAL FORECAST, 1921.	
	1921.		1922.		
	Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.	Increase.	Decrease.
Bengal (including Cooch Behar).	1,343,202	1,329,190	1,220,548	.....	108,642
Bihar and Orissa ...	106,400	108,368	144,598	36,230	.....
Assam ...	87,200	80,800*	91,400	10,600	.....
Total ...	1,536,802	1,518,358	1,456,546	46,830	108,642

* Revised.

The Departmental Preliminary Forecasts for each of the three Provinces are appended.

G. EVANS,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

CALCUTTA,

The 12th July, 1922.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BENGAL.

Preliminary Forecast of the Jute Crop in Bengal, 1922.

(Note.—On an average of the five years ending 1920-21, the area under jute to which this forecast relates represents 83·2 per cent. of the total area under jute in British India.)

The present forecast deals only with the estimates of area sown and the present condition of the crop based on information received through the agency of the panchayats, as in previous years.

Area sown.—The district returns show a total area sown of 1,220,548 acres, being a decrease of 108,642 acres, or about 8 per cent. over the final figures for 1921. The decrease may be attributed almost entirely to drought at the sowing season and in a minor degree also to the low price obtained for the three preceding crops; and to the comparatively high price of food-stuffs which may have induced some cultivators to grow more paddy in place of jute.

Character of the season.—The outstanding feature of the season was the unusually long spell of drought which extended during the period, November, 1921, to the end of May, 1922. In this connection it may be noted that except in February and March, 1909, such conditions have not prevailed before in the Presidency during the past twenty years and the drought in April and May was unprecedented in East Bengal. In the months of January and February, there was practically no rain in the eastern districts. Preparatory tillage in consequence proceeded very slowly during these two months. In North Bengal, on the other hand, scanty rainfall, combined with existing soil-moisture, helped operations a good deal. The rainfall in the latter part of March, however, slightly improved the situation for sowings on low land in parts of East Bengal, but the showers were very scattered and uneven in distribution. In the important district of Mymensingh sowings were practically at a standstill at this stage over wide areas. In North Bengal, the weather conditions were generally favourable for sowings on low lands. The rainfall in April was about half the normal almost throughout the Presidency. The early sown crop on low lands in East and in parts of North Bengal became stunted in growth and was so much affected in places owing to drought that a large area had to be resown during this month. The sowings on high lands also commenced, but the progress was suspended for a while. The rainfall in May was moderate and high land sowings proceeded briskly during the course of and especially towards the end of the month. In the western districts sowings commenced somewhat late and continued up till the latter part of June, when heavy rain caused water-logging on low lands and some damage to young plants in places. As a result of these late sowings complete returns have not been obtained from some of the Western Bengal districts and a slight increase in area may be indicated in the next forecast when revision takes place.

Present state of the crop.—Since the monsoon arrived in the latter part of May conditions have been favourable in the more important jute districts and the crop has come on in a somewhat remarkable manner. The low land crop has been fortunate owing to the fact that the rivers have remained much lower than usual and consequently the crop in these areas, although late sown, has had time to grow. Present conditions indicate that at least a fair crop can now be anticipated.

Stock in hand.—Very little old stocks now appear to be held in the districts.

G. EVANS,

Director of Agriculture, Bengal.

CALCUTTA,

The 12th July, 1922.

APPENDIX I.

Preliminary Jute Forecast of 1922.

DISTRICT.	ESTIMATED AREA UNDER JUTE.		Whether much, little or no late remains in the district from the crop of 1921.	Date by which the sowing of the crop generally commenced this year, and whether the date was early, normal or late.	REMARKS BY DISTRICT OFFICERS.
	Last year. (Final figures.)	This year.			
1	2	3	4	5	6
24 Parganas	21,178	22,213	Little	Middle of May; normal.	The increase in area is due to rise in price of jute and to a partial failure of sugarcane crop. The weather was not favourable at sowing time owing to drought, but the recent rain has improved the condition of the crop although continuous rain for some time is hindering the weeding operation to some extent.
Kaola	22,121	20,619	Do.	Chowdanga—beginning of May; normal. Kachhore—first week of June; late.	The decrease in area is due to drought at sowing time and to low price of jute in the preceding years. The weather was not favourable at sowing time and during the period of growth, but subsequently the conditions have generally improved. About 10 per cent of the crop has been damaged in the Moherpur subdivision by drought.
Malda	5,614	4,311*	About a quarter of last year's jute.	First week of June; late.	The decrease in area is due to late rainfall. The weather has not been very favourable owing to excessive rain.
Jessore	42,573	29,295*	Little	End of May; late.	The decrease in area is due to drought and to low price. The weather was not favourable at the beginning. Subsequently the crop improved although some damage was done by heavy showers.
Bhulua	6,941	4,391*	Do.	Last week of May to first week of June; late.	The weather has not been generally favourable.
Judhanna	1,348	1,800*	Do.	Beginning of May	The decrease in area is due to want of rainfall at sowing time. The weather has not been generally favourable for the cultivation of the crop.
Midnapore	6,311	2,664	Much	June; late.	The decrease in area is due to the fact that there was no rain during the normal time of sowing. Subsequent rain, however, has helped the sowing operations to some extent.
Hooghly	18,993	18,087*	A little	Beginning of June; very late.	The decrease in area is mainly due to drought at sowing time. At the beginning the weather was unfavourable owing to drought and subsequently to heavy rain, which damaged the crop in the Nadar subdivision to the extent of about two annas and also partly in other subdivisions.
Powrah	4,889	4,102*	Little	Beginning of June; late.	Continued drought till June and excessive rain since then has hindered the field operations. Hence the decrease in the area sown. A good deal of damage has been done to the crop by flood.
Nakhabli	44,549	49,390	Do.	Latter part of May; late.	The weather was not favourable at sowing time. Subsequent rainfall has benefited the growth of the crop.
Dinajpur	48,547	36,117	Do.	May; late.	The decrease in area is due to want of rain at sowing time and to low prices.
Jalpaiguri	28,622	24,742	Very little	Middle of April; normal.	The increase in area is due to expectation of a better price this year. The weather has been favourable.
Darjeeling	1,425	1,828	Little	April; rather late.	The increase in area is due to high price subsequently obtained by the cultivators. The weather has been favourable on the whole and the growth of the crop good. The present condition is good.
Rangpur	128,353	124,820	None	Badar and Nilphamari—March. Kurigram and Daitbar—April; normal.	The increase in area is due to the high price obtained in the latter part of the last financial year and also to the fact that the cultivators have found that they had not profited by giving up the cultivation of the crop. The weather was unfavourable at sowing time owing to drought which retarded the germination especially of the early sown crop. Subsequent rains have been very favourable and have more than made up for the bad effects of the drought.
Bogra	60,600	45,820	Little	May; late.	The decrease in area is due to drought at sowing time and to low price. The recent rainfall has helped the growth of the crop. The present condition is not promising.
Fahua	25,420	20,000*	None	Latter part of April; late.	The condition of the crop has very much improved by the rainfall of June and prospects are much brighter than what was anticipated at first.

* Returns incomplete.

DISTRICT.	ESTIMATED AREA UNDER JUTE—		Whether much, little or no jute remains in the district from the crop of 1920.	Date by which the sowing of the crop generally commenced this year, and whether the date was early, normal or late.	REMARKS BY DISTRICT OFFICERS.
	Last year (1921 figure).	This year.			
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Acres.	Acres.			
Maldah	7,479	7,100*	A little (about two annas).	May and June	The increase in area is due to transfer of certain area from Murshidabad district. The weather has not been favourable.
Dacca	140,000	129,219	A little	April and May; late	The decrease in area is due to the low price of jute and to prolonged drought from October to April. Heavy rain in the latter part of May proved beneficial to the growth of the crop and its present condition is good.
Mymensingh	282,294	294,048	Half to one anna	End of April; late	Low price of jute last year together with the continued drought at the sowing season was responsible for the shrinkage in area. At sowing time, the prospects were not at all favourable. The alternate sunshine and rain that set in June, however, improved the prospects a good deal. The weather is now extremely favourable. The crop was slightly damaged by drought.
Faridpur	123,000	84,500	Practically nil	About middle of May; too late.	The decrease in area is due to continued drought and to high price of rice and low price of jute. The weather has been quite unfavourable. Late sowing and heavy rain during June have affected the growth of the crop.
Baharganj	10,478	8,440	Much	April and May; late	The decrease in area is due to unfavourable weather at the sowing season and to low price of jute last year. There was no rainfall from January to March. The rainfall in April and May too was scanty. The crop was, therefore, sown late in season. The heavy continuous rainfall in June has made the weeding difficult and also retarded the growth of the crop.
Chittagong	800	800		Last week of May; late.	The weather has been reasonable and the growth of the crop good.
Thirupur	180,000	180,000	About two annas	Middle of April; late	The weather was unfavourable at the start owing to drought but the rainfall since June has been sufficient and has improved the growth of the crop. The present condition of the crop is fairly good.
Northall	7,387	8,364	About one-fourth	Early in March; normal.	The weather has not been favourable owing to continued drought at sowing time. The present condition of the crop is fair.
Total for Bengal	1,319,642	1,192,182			
Add—for Cooh Bahar	18,147	22,244	A little	Last part of March; normal.	The weather has been favourable and the present condition of the crop is good. The crop was damaged to some extent in the Bahar subdivision by the hailstorm in May.
Grand TOTAL	1,337,789	1,214,426			

* Return incomplete.

APPENDIX II.

Statement of Rainfall in inches from February to June each year from 1919 to 1922.

DISTRICT.	RAINFALL IN FEBRUARY.					RAINFALL IN MARCH.					RAINFALL IN APRIL.					RAINFALL IN MAY.					RAINFALL IN JUNE.				
	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	Normal.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	Normal.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	Normal.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	Normal.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	Normal.
24-Parganas	1.17	1.48	0.67	Nil	1.21	0.61	0.41	0.71	0.06	1.54	0.63	1.96	0.69	1.94	4.73	4.16	3.99	3.98	3.43	18.42	4.83	8.95	21.78	11.37	
Medinipur	0.48	1.41	0.26	0.40	1.03	0.71	0.71	0.81	0.07	1.54	0.25	6.13	1.95	2.84	2.98	2.98	3.94	3.33	8.16	8.30	8.70	19.28	9.85		
Murshidabad	0.16	1.00	0.08	0.24	0.80	0.02	0.06	0.18	0.00	1.01	0.19	2.33	0.78	1.62	8.16	2.73	2.73	2.88	5.22	8.71	8.24	19.44	10.48		
Jessore	0.85	0.11	0.31	Nil	1.31	0.25	0.25	0.43	0.28	1.74	0.46	2.68	2.27	2.46	4.73	6.31	6.31	3.79	7.35	9.61	9.53	21.80	11.84		
Khulna	2.17	2.15	0.41	Nil	1.23	0.24	0.17	0.21	0.00	1.13	0.81	1.24	1.20	2.45	8.93	2.98	3.24	2.18	7.14	13.29	7.25	11.91	23.73	15.83	
Burdwan	0.79	1.86	0.09	0.14	1.06	0.19	0.17	0.27	0.04	1.24	0.81	1.73	0.71	1.92	8.47	3.00	3.23	4.84	5.06	8.14	8.53	9.18	23.76	13.72	
Midnapore	1.10	2.20	0.21	0.05	1.25	0.31	0.34	1.31	0.03	1.06	0.78	2.73	1.06	1.66	8.47	3.16	3.70	2.44	5.07	10.40	4.30	8.49	19.53	11.76	
Hoojly	0.89	1.20	0.43	0.04	1.23	0.44	0.31	0.32	0.14	1.40	1.02	2.73	1.03	2.11	2.84	4.43	1.97	3.09	5.07	9.01	4.74	6.44	25.83	17.17	
Howrah	1.10	1.87	0.79	Nil	1.37	0.33	0.33	0.42	0.03	1.06	0.51	1.32	1.37	2.47	8.44	3.04	3.97	4.23	5.26	16.07	7.80	9.40	24.19	11.76	
Rajshahi	0.21	1.16	0.03	0.09	0.71	0.18	0.18	0.13	Nil	0.84	0.70	4.06	0.56	1.48	2.02	3.90	2.84	3.39	6.04	9.70	7.39	8.53	17.53	11.02	
Dinajpur	0.08	1.34	Nil	0.15	2.16	0.07	0.70	1.30	Nil	0.85	1.38	1.70	0.75	1.37	4.37	4.16	6.40	2.53	7.10	18.08	11.64	10.00	20.54	14.84	
Jalpaiguri	0.60	0.51	0.49	0.01	0.92	0.07	0.70	0.27	0.23	1.33	0.93	2.95	0.45	0.72	7.71	0.31	23.91	18.43	14.37	20.15	39.43	54.08	33.67	37.06	
Darjeeling	1.04	0.93	0.13	0.04	0.88	0.28	0.26	0.37	0.06	1.74	0.26	0.17	0.43	0.26	7.69	1.86	1.93	0.54	9.18	13.24	9.15	19.89	24.13	33.41	
Rangpur	0.01	1.18	Nil	0.04	0.68	0.26	0.14	0.34	0.04	1.25	1.16	0.23	1.35	0.17	6.42	0.68	0.93	0.43	3.11	18.94	12.33	18.81	20.23	19.46	
Bojra	0.31	2.04	0.01	0.05	0.48	0.21	1.31	2.11	Nil	1.14	0.06	0.15	0.35	0.17	8.33	3.43	7.17	2.87	8.24	8.77	10.41	7.84	31.54	12.78	
Palna	0.17	1.22	0.04	0.10	0.64	0.12	0.81	0.13	Nil	1.38	1.02	0.17	0.26	0.26	5.62	2.06	4.76	4.06	7.59	3.08	9.35	9.42	14.46	11.57	
Maldah	0.17	0.21	Nil	0.23	0.88	0.70	1.24	0.23	0.13	0.80	0.06	1.86	0.93	4.88	7.56	8.72	24.08	8.08	16.22	29.72	28.25	27.43	36.74	27.60	
Qasim Bazar	0	5.06	0.22	0.02	0.71	0.23	2.45	2.39	0.18	1.72	0.06	1.86	0.93	4.88	7.56	8.72	24.08	8.08	16.22	29.72	28.25	27.43	36.74	27.60	
Dacca	0.04	2.67	0.15	0.03	1.08	0.21	0.48	0.43	0.14	3.87	0.42	0.53	0.50	0.01	4.33	8.78	3.13	2.50	10.11	6.48	18.38	13.23	16.34	16.43	
Mymensingh	Nil	1.93	0.76	0.04	0.82	0.47	0.68	0.70	0.00	1.78	4.94	0.27	1.28	0.44	7.24	2.49	10.96	4.78	11.03	14.90	18.21	13.90	20.78	17.80	
Faridpur	0.23	2.97	0.23	0.04	1.18	0.08	0.06	0.24	0.15	2.17	0.73	0.23	1.78	0.07	5.73	8.33	8.76	5.10	10.93	10.77	14.97	11.36	23.45	15.03	
Bakerganj	1.09	2.51	0.37	Nil	1.16	0.16	0.74	0.13	Nil	3.33	0.23	1.68	1.39	0.17	2.95	5.80	6.52	3.16	9.26	16.23	13.68	23.22	30.76	18.19	
Chittagong	0.21	2.05	0.25	Nil	0.65	Nil	0.83	0.49	Nil	3.24	0.16	0.90	0.24	0.17	8.34	8.04	6.48	6.99	10.24	24.83	17.28	13.52	26.99	23.12	
Thakurga	0.14	2.17	0.41	0.03	1.02	0.32	10.39	11.08	0.15	2.93	0.75	0.75	0.11	0.24	4.42	7.48	10.68	2.72	11.12	13.94	19.35	18.18	16.96	16.06	
Naokhal	0.29	1.36	0.34	Nil	1.06	0	2.69	0.30	0.13	2.54	0.84	0.43	1.32	0.05	5.74	7.43	0.23	4.18	11.02	24.90	18.12	18.03	30.34	21.13	

Note.—The figures given above are the averages for all the rainfall-recording stations in each district.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BIHAR AND ORISSA.

Preliminary forecast of the jute crop of Bihar and Orissa, 1922.

(Note.—On an average of the five years ending 1919-20, the area under jute to which the Bihar and Orissa forecast relates represents about 7.6 per cent. of the total area under jute in British India.)

The present forecast deals only with the estimated area sown. It gives also a general survey of prospects, but makes no reference to the probable outturn either in percentage, figures or in bales.

2. Acreage.—The estimated area sown during the current and four preceding years in round numbers is given below:—

Year.					Acreage.
1918	...	...	...	...	149,300
1919	...	...	...	...	203,400
1920	...	...	...	...	178,800
1921	...	...	...	...	108,400
1922	...	...	...	...	144,600

3. Weather conditions.—In March, there was no rain in the jute districts, except very light showers in Cuttack. In April and May the rainfall was below the normal everywhere. The rainfall in June was above the normal everywhere and it was very heavy in the Satal Parganas.

4. District returns.—The total area under jute, as reported by the District Officers is estimated in round numbers at 144,600 acres, as compared with 106,400 acres as shown in the corresponding forecast of last year and against 108,400 acres reported in the final forecast of last year. The increase in area sown this year is mainly in Purnea, where it is attributed to the rise in the price of jute.

5. Condition and prospects.—The condition of the crop is on the whole fair.

6. General.—The quantity of jute which remains in the jute districts from the crop of 1921 is reported to be little.

The statement below compares the area under jute in this Province this year with the preliminary and final figures of last year:—

NAME OF PROVINCE.	ESTIMATE ACREAGE UNDER JUTE.			DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE PRELIMINARY FORECAST, 1922, AND FINAL FORECAST, 1921.	
	1921.		1922.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.		
	1	2	4	5	6
	Acrea.	Acrea.	Acrea.	Acrea.	
Bihar and Orissa ...	106,400	108,400	144,600	36,200	.....

A. C. DOBBS,

Director of Agriculture, Bihar and Orissa.

PATNA,

The 2nd July 1922.

APPENDIX I.

First Forecast of the Jute Crop of Bihar and Orissa, 1922.

DISTRICT.	District.	Total area of the district.	Estimated total area under cultivation.	Estimated normal area under jute. (This figure has been arrived at by taking the average of 10 years immediately preceding the year to which this forecast relates.)	ESTIMATED AREA UNDER JUTE.		Whether much, little or no jute remains in the district from the crop of 1921.	Date by which the sowing of the crop generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	REMARKS BY DISTRICT OFFICERS.
					Last year (1921). (Final figures.)	This year (1922).			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Bihar	Champaran	2,319,240	1,450,000	9,100	1,400	1,300	A little	Third week of April to 21st May (normal).	The weather and rainfall have not been very favourable for the growth of the crop in the Nadar subdivision. They have been to some extent favourable now owing to recent rainfall in the Bhojpur subdivision. The condition of the crop is fair. The date of sowing was normal and have been completed. The out-turn is expected to be below normal.
	Muzaffarpur	1,945,594	1,437,000	1,020	2,000	2,000	Little jute remains in the district.	April (normal).	The prospect of the crop is good.
	Rohaspur	2,661,020	1,664,000	1,007	1,173	1,173	Little	June	Sowing has not been completed.
Bihar	Patna	2,190,123	1,604,000	191,400	60,000	626,000	Little	April (normal).	The increase in the area under this crop is due to the rise in the price of jute. The weather is favourable and the out-turn of the crop is expected to be fair.
	Samat Pat. Khas	2,099,400	1,717,000	2,000	500	400	Little	First week of June (late).	The decrease in the area is due to want of rain at the time of sowing. The condition of the crop is not so good owing to late sowing.
	Cattach	2,440,307	1,712,200	16,400	16,000	16,000	Very little	First week of May (late).	The weather and rainfall have been generally favourable for the growth of the crop. The condition of the crop is fair. Sowings have been delayed and are still going on in some parts. The slight decrease in area this year is due to cessation of rain in the earlier part of the season which interfered to some extent with the preparation of lands for the crop. The area under the crop is likely to increase hereafter.
Orissa	Balasore	1,839,421	922,000	2,400	1,700	2,100	Very little	First week of June.	The weather was not favourable and there was no rain up to the latter part of May. The condition of the crop is fair. Sowings were commenced late and are still going on. The price of jute is falling high and the people having sufficient foodstock a larger area is sown with jute instead of bhadal crops.
Total		17,222,663	16,309,000	220,347 or in round numbers 270,000	106,868 or in round numbers 108,000	144,390 or in round numbers 144,000			

APPENDIX II.

Statement of rainfall in inches from February to June each year from 1919 to 1922.

NAME OF DISTRICT.	Rainfall in February.				Rainfall in March.				Rainfall in April.				Rainfall in May.				Rainfall in June.			
	1919	1920	1921	1922	1919	1920	1921	1922	1919	1920	1921	1922	1919	1920	1921	1922	1919	1920	1921	1922
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Bhagpur ...	0.26	0.41	NH	0.07	0.06	0.81	0.97	NH	0.86	NH	3.04	0.10	1.84	1.06	0.57	0.34	6.54	5.75	7.40	10.66
Buxar ...	0.26	0.78	NH	0.12	0.00	0.91	0.90	NH	0.40	0.80	1.00	0.21	1.28	0.33	1.06	0.23	0.17	5.89	8.78	10.48
Bhagalpur ...	0.59	1.14	0.00	0.17	0.03	1.48	0.88	NH	0.44	3.04	1.08	0.23	2.79	1.71	1.70	1.40	9.04	6.38	6.00	10.26
Patna ...	0.07	1.04	0.00	0.01	0.00	1.18	0.78	NH	1.07	0.46	2.31	0.06	2.20	2.58	0.32	2.42	12.58	8.75	5.64	10.82
Samatragarh ...	0.12	0.93	0.08	0.20	0.21	0.87	0.33	NH	0.48	0.16	0.23	0.28	2.97	1.06	1.19	0.88	11.47	4.54	8.31	10.19
Outback ...	2.49	1.08	0.12	0.03	0.29	3.49	0.30	0.11	1.73	0.48	0.81	0.00	1.80	3.93	1.10	1.51	10.81	8.08	2.49	12.26
Bahar ...	2.89	1.86	0.81	0.04	0.87	2.83	0.01	NH	3.40	1.03	2.07	0.17	5.88	2.24	2.16	5.44	12.74	6.10	4.88	6.44

* Figures relate to headquarters only.

DEPARTMENT OF LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE, ASSAM.

Preliminary forecast of the jute crop in Assam, 1922.

NOTE.—On the average of the two years ending 1919 the area under jute in Assam represents some 2·6 per cent. of the total area under jute in British India.

1. **Character of the season.**—The spring was unusually dry and was unfavourable to sowing and early growth, but the weather improved subsequently and present prospects are on the whole good.

2. **Area sown.**—The total area under jute is estimated to be 91,400 acres against 80,800 acres in last year. The increase represents mainly a return to more normal conditions of the market.

3. **Stock.**—As reported, little jute remains from last year except in Goalpara.

J. McSWINEY,

Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Assam.

SHILLONG,

The 3rd July, 1922.

Statement showing the consolidated acreage figures of jute in Assam, 1922.

NAME OF PROVINCE.	ESTIMATED ADMEAGE UNDER JUTE.			DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE PRELIMINARY FORECAST OF 1922 AND THE FINAL FIGURE OF 1921.	
	1921.		1922.		
	Preliminary.	Final.	Preliminary.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Assam ...	87,200	80,800*	91,400	10,600	.....

* Actual final figure.

APPENDIX II.

Preliminary Forecast of the Jute Crop of Assam for 1922.

DISTRICT.	Normal area under Jute.	AREA UNDER JUTE.		DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE ABOVE NOW ESTIMATED FOR 1922 AND THE FINAL OF 1921.		Whether much. How or in late months in the district from the crop of 1921.	Date by which the sowing of the crop generally commenced this year and whether that date was early, normal or late.	REMARKS BY DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS.
		Final of 1921.*	Now estimated for 1922.	Increase.	Decrease.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.			
Gauhati ...	300	300	300	100	.....	Nil	Last part of April: normal.	The weather was favourable.
Sylhet ...	17,900	5,600	12,100	7,300	.....	Little	Beginning of April: normal.	More land has been cultivated this year in Kamanganj subdivision and the condition of the crop appears to be fair.
Goalpara ...	35,000	24,500	29,200	4,700	.....	Much remains owing to low price last year.	End of April: late.	The increase in area is due to improvement in prices. The season improved recently and the prospects of the crop are good.
Kamrup ...	13,700	10,800	23,400	1,600	.....	Little	18th April: normal.	The dry season at first affected growth of the crop. The weather improved afterwards and the crop is likely to be better than last year.
Darrang ...	9,200	11,600	9,300	.....	2,300	Very little	Middle of March: early.	The weather was not favourable at sowing time for want of rain. It is now favourable and the prospects of the crop are better than last year.
Nuwagaon ...	14,700	22,500	24,000	600	.....	Little	15th April: normal	There was extension of cultivation this year. The character of weather at sowing time was dry but improved subsequently. The outturn is expected to be lower than last year.
Bidagar ...	300	500	300	.....	.....	Little	.....	The weather was dry at the beginning, but more favourable afterwards. Better outturn is expected than last year.
Lakhimpur ...	200	100	100	.....	.....	Nil	1st April: normal	The weather has been favourable. Good outturn is expected.
Garo Hills (plains portion).	1,600	4,200	2,700	.....	1,500	Little	10th May: late	The decrease is due to drought at sowing time. The weather has been good for the last month. The present condition of the crop is likely to be worse than in last year.
Total ...	115,000	80,900	91,400	14,400	5,800			

* Actual final figures.

APPENDIX II.

Statement of rainfall from February to June each year from 1919-1922.

Statement of Rainfall in Assam.																					
DISTRICT.	RAINFALL IN FEBRUARY.				RAINFALL IN MARCH.				RAINFALL IN APRIL.				RAINFALL IN MAY.				RAINFALL IN JUNE.				
	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.	Inch.
Dachig	54	5.53	7.1	64	66	12.18	7.14	8.01	7.44	9.46	12.92	9.08	8.26	17.70	8.62	8.43	11.92	12.68	27.44	8.34	
Sylhet	37	8.66	7.2	52	1.18	13.06	8.12	5.06	8.42	10.52	14.22	8.43	8.95	16.35	13.20	11.30	14.02	17.78	27.78	6.37	
Goalpara	41	7.8	8.6	54	35	4.83	8.04	80	6.37	7.15	17.11	7.81	14.20	10.14	27.36	12.91	21.87	21.19	21.29	4.50	
Kamrup	10	50	67	56	77	8.68	6.61	48	6.18	7.21	12.25	7.65	8.68	9.22	16.75	11.03	13.48	12.80	18.54	3.08	
Jamrang	23	2.24	3.0	32	33	9.01	8.90	1.68	6.68	8.91	11.15	7.36	10.04	8.47	22.41	9.37	18.13	16.11	10.37	3.08	
Newgong	30	8.5	62	54	41	8.63	2.81	44	6.30	6.48	8.36	8.34	4.23	4.26	6.37	5.95	8.74	9.58	12.68	2.38	
Hilongar	27	8.33	1.18	17	1.43	8.62	5.25	2.18	7.37	6.95	12.68	7.00	6.40	9.25	10.68	7.04	17.94	12.20	12.22	2.42	
Lakhimpur	1.23	8.26	2.41	25	38	11.00	6.96	2.27	8.26	8.28	14.24	9.42	11.58	11.28	20.22	7.78	18.58	18.92	18.54	4.46	
Garo Hills	118	1.24	51	59	32	2.74	6.93	30	6.16	6.73	8.60	1.72	8.24	10.58	14.68	8.04	24.28	21.98	18.63	8.48	

**RESOLUTION REGARDING THE REVISION OF THE
PAY OF MINISTERIAL OFFICERS IN BENGAL.**

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

FINANCE.

CALCUTTA, THE 17TH JULY 1922.

RESOLUTION—No. 10278F.

READ—

The Report of the Committee appointed to advise on the revision of the pay of the ministerial officers and menials in Bengal and the Note of Dissent recorded by Rai Mahendra Chandra Mitra Bahadur.

In the Finance Department Resolution No. 13371F., dated 22nd August 1921, the orders of Government were recorded regarding the revision of pay of menials in Bengal. The present Resolution deals with the revision of the pay of ministerial officers serving under the Local Government.

2. On the recommendation of this Government the Government of India sanctioned *ad interim* allowances to ministerial officers in this Presidency on account of the high cost of living, with effect from 1st April 1920, the war allowances granted to officers drawing not more than Rs. 50 per mensem ceasing from that date. This was, however, only a temporary measure, and in the opinion of Government the changed conditions after the war rendered a permanent re-adjustment of salaries necessary, and, with this object in view, a Committee was appointed in November 1920 to advise on the revision, in reference to modern economic conditions, of the pay of the permanent ministerial and menial establishments in Bengal. The report submitted by the Committee as well as the Note of Dissent have been carefully considered by Government. The proposals in the Note of Dissent entail an expenditure 56 per cent. in excess of that recommended in the main report. The recommendations in the Note of Dissent are based on an estimate of the increase in the cost of living which Government believe to be erroneous, and they do not allow for the very great improvement in the pay of the present incumbents which will result by the counting of past service on the new time-scales. In these circumstances the Governor in Council has been unable, especially in view of the present financial position of the province, to adopt the Minority Report; as recommended by the Legislative Council, or to accept any scheme of revision more costly than that outlined in the Majority Report. The recommendations of which have been adhered to in the main in determining the revised scales of pay to be granted to the ministerial officers.

3. The proposals set forth in the first 113 pages of the Majority Report, so far as they relate to the provincial establishments, have now been sanctioned by the Government of India, subject to the modifications indicated in column 10 of the statements attached herewith, as well as in paragraphs 4 and 5 below.

4. The new rates of pay will take effect from 1st January 1922, and the *ad interim* allowances will cease from that date. In the event of a material reduction in the cost of living the rates of pay in force will come under further consideration and will be liable to such reduction as may appear necessary in the interest of economical administration.

5. The following general principles should be observed in bringing officers on to the new time-scales :—

- (a) Officers who are brought on to a time-scale will be permitted to count all continuous temporary, probationary, acting or substantive *pro tempore* service in a corresponding post, followed by confirmation, as if it were service on the new time-scale, and to draw pay at the point which they would have reached upon this hypothesis, provided that a deduction of one year shall be made from the total service thus calculated.
- (b) An officer who originally entered on any of the appointments which are now put on a time-scale at a pay higher than the lowest of those appointments will draw an initial pay not less than that of the officer next below him in the present grade who entered on the lowest pay.
- (c) An officer whose promotion has been accelerated for good work will draw on the time-scale the same initial pay as the officer next below him.
- (d) An officer who has been degraded or punished by having his promotion permanently retarded will draw the same pay as the officer next above him.
- (e) Officers whose initial pay fixed according to the above principles is less than the pay, plus *ad interim* allowance which they were drawing on 1st January 1922, should be allowed to start in the new scale at a point equal to that sum, or, if there be no such point, at the next higher point in the scale.
- (f) Loss of acting allowance as well as *ad interim* allowance calculated on acting allowance should be taken into consideration, and a personal allowance granted to make good the loss, with the sanction of Government.
- (g) Future increments of officers brought from progressive to time-scales should be allowed from the dates on which increments would have accrued in their old scales.
- (h) Subject to the proviso that no officer will draw less than the minimum of the new scale or more than the maximum, the initial pay must not exceed the substantive, provisionally substantive, or substantive *pro tempore* pay plus temporary allowances drawn on the 1st January 1922 by more than—
 - (1) Forty per cent. in the case of those drawing pay of not more than Rs. 100 on that date.
 - (2) Thirty per cent. in the case of those drawing pay from Rs. 101 to Rs. 200 on that date.
 - (3) Twenty per cent. in the case of those drawing pay more than Rs. 200 on that date,
 with necessary adjustments at points, where percentages change, to avoid anomaly of treatment.
- (i) Individual cases not covered by the above rules should be referred specifically for the orders of Government.

6. There is no necessity to place a second efficiency bar at the 18th year of service as recommended in paragraph 9 of the Report. In the case of officers in whose scales of pay efficiency bars have been prescribed, the head of the office will in each case decide whether an officer should be considered to have passed the efficiency bar, and will make such a declaration in the bill in which his pay is next drawn.

7. The Fundamental Rules regulating acting promotion and the calculation of acting allowances will apply with effect from 1st January 1922 to all the services included in the present scheme of revision. In giving retrospective effect to the new rates of pay, deductions should be made on account of *ad interim*, and acting allowances already drawn under the old rules for the period from the 1st January 1922.

ORDER.—The Resolution be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, and a copy be forwarded to the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Bengal; Director of Public Instruction, Bengal; Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal; Inspector-General of Police, Bengal; Inspector-General of Prisons, Bengal; Superintending Engineers; Commissioners of Divisions; District and Sessions Judges; Conservator of Forests, Bengal; Commissioner of Excise and Salt, Bengal; Director of Agriculture, Bengal; Director of Land Records, Bengal; Advocate-General, Bengal; Director of Public Health, Bengal; Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal; Commissioner of Police, Calcutta; District Officers; Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Bengal; Chief Judge, Small Cause Court, Calcutta; Private Secretary to the Governor of Bengal; Military Secretary to the Governor of Bengal; Administrator-General and Official Trustee, Bengal; Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bengal; Director of Surveys, Bengal; Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta; Chief Engineer, Public Health Department, Bengal; Port Officer, Chittagong; Superintendent, Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta; Agent for Government Consignments, Bengal; Director of Fisheries, Bengal; Superintendent, Chittagong Hill Tracts; Veterinary Advisor to the Government of Bengal; Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta; Superintendent, Government Printing, Bengal; Director of Industries, Bengal; Accountant-General, Bengal, and to all departments of this Government, including the Accounts Department, for information.

By order of the Governor in Council,

H. E. SPRY,

Secretary to the Government of Bengal (offg.).

**Comparative statements showing the costs involved by the
for the revision of the**

Statement I relating to Provincial

Serial No.	Name of office.	Present cost per annum.	MAJORITY REPORT.		MINORITY REPORT.	
			Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.	Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
1	Bengal Secretariat—Chief Secretary's office.	1,18,392 0	1,64,959 0	42,567 0	1,66,541 8	48,149 8
2	Ditto—Finance Secretary's office.	1,19,908 0	1,43,021 0	21,113 0	1,47,577 0	28,669 0
3	Ditto—Local Self-Government and Education Departments.	80,580 0	1,11,822 0	31,242 0	1,15,284 0	34,704 0
4	Ditto—Revenue Secretary's office.	56,124 0	81,310 0	25,186 0	83,894 0	27,770 0
5	Ditto—Department of Agriculture and Industries.	24,828 0	37,059 0	12,231 0	39,163 0	14,335 0
6	Ditto—Public Works Department.	98,640 0	1,34,705 0	36,065 0	1,39,232 0	40,592 0
7	Ditto—Legislative Department.	25,214 0	30,633 0	5,419 0	31,843 0	6,629 0

proposals of the Majority, Minority and of Local Government pay of ministerial officers.

Reserved Departments.

PROPOSALS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.		REASONS.	REMARKS.
Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.		
8	9	10	11
Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
1,80,959 0	42,587 0	The present cost includes 5 appointments on Rs. 200 and 2 appointments on Rs. 150 instead of 5 on Rs. 200 and 5 on Rs. 150 as wrongly shown in the proposition statement in the report.	
1,68,140 0	49,232 0	The following is the actual present scale :— 3 posts on Rs. 400 each. 2 " " " 300 " 4 " " " 250 " 5 " " " 200 " 5 " " " 150 " 5 " " " 125 " 51 " " " 40—50—3—125 each 9 typists " " 40—2—80 5 duty allowances as in the report. The present cost and that proposed by this Government have been worked out on the above lines.	
1,11,822 0	31,242 0	Two posts on Rs. 40—50—3—125 omitted by the Committee have been included throughout. Two restitutorial personal allowances of Rs. 40 each have also been included in the present cost.	With the addition of 2 posts the establishment will be entitled to 4 posts in the selection grade in the Lower Division. But, in view of the possibility of regrading the establishment in the near future, the number of selection posts has been left unaltered.
81,310 0	25,186 0	There are 3 posts on Rs. 200 and 2 posts on Rs. 150 instead of 2 on Rs. 200 and 3 on Rs. 150 as shown in the report. The number of appointments on Rs. 40—50—3—125 is 23 and not 27 as shown in the report. The present and proposed costs have been revised accordingly.	With the reduction of 4 posts in the Lower Division the establishment will be entitled to fewer posts in the selection grade in the Lower Division. But, pending decision of the question raised by the department of strengthening it, the number of selection posts has been left unaltered.
37,689 0	12,931 0		
1,34,705 0	36,066 0	.....	Part of the establishment to be allotted to the Roads and Buildings Branch will be a transferred department.
30,635 0	5,419 0	The present cost includes the following extra items :— 1. One post on Rs. 400—20—500. 2. One post on Rs. 150. 3. Three posts on Rs. 40—50—3—125. 4. One personal allowance of Rs. 1-8. 5. One shorthand allowance of Rs. 20. In the columns for proposed cost serials 1, 2 and 5 have been left unchanged; serial 4 has been omitted and item 3 put on its corresponding scale.	

Statement I relating to Provincial

Serial No.	Name of office.	Present cost per annum.	MAJORITY REPORT.		MINORITY REPORT.	
			Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.	Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
8	Secretariat Book Depot ...	12,180 0	15,027 0	2,847 0	17,595 0	5,415 0
9	Secretariat Record Room...	34,980 0	46,268 0	11,288 0	54,050 0	19,070 0
10	Office of the Bengali Translator.	13,680 0	18,268 0	4,588 0	20,243 0	6,563 0
11	Office of the Private Secretary to Governor.	10,360 0	15,164 0	4,804 0	15,920 0	5,560 0
12	Office of the Military Secretary to Governor.	8,745 0	13,425 0	4,680 0	13,529 0	4,784 0
13	Posts outside the regular cadre in the Secretariat.	37,220 9	51,028 0	13,807 7	55,188 0	17,967 7
14	Stenographers and Council Reporters in the Secretariat.	54,500 0	67,828 0	13,328 0	69,328 0	14,828 0

Reserved Departments—continued.

PROPOSALS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.		REASONS.	REMARKS.
Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.		
8	9	10	11
Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
15,152 0	2,972 0	Prior to 1918 the pay of the Officer-in-charge was the same as that of the Superintendent, Legislative Department, and it should now be fixed at the same figure also, viz., Rs. 200—10—300, which is the pay proposed for the latter post.	The figure 5 put in column 3 of the statement in the report against the scale of Rs. 40—3—50 is a misprint for 6.
46,268 0	11,288 0	The present Keeper of Records is on Rs. 300—25—400, but the permanent pay of the post is Rs. 300—10—400. The former scale has been included in the figure for present cost.	
18,268 0	4,588 0		
10,764 0	6,404 0	The pay of the confidential assistant should be fixed with reference to the qualifications and previous pay of the incumbent for the time being. A scale of Rs. 350—15—500 may be accepted as personal to the present incumbent; the pay of the post to be reconsidered when he vacates it.	
13,025 0	4,880 ■	As it is desirable to bring the Superintendents in this office and in the Private Secretary to the Governor's office into line, the same scale of pay as proposed for the latter has been adopted for the former.	
53,026 ■	15,805 7	The figures for present cost and the proposed cost under Government's proposals include a post of a draftsman on Rs. 100—5—125 in the Drawing Branch of the Public Works Department omitted by the Committee. For the present incumbent of this post a scale of Rs. 125—5—165 is proposed. Future incumbents should, however, get the ordinary scale of Rs. 50—5—165. As regards the post outside the cadre of the Finance Department, as the present treasurer is now getting Rs. 200 as pay + Rs. 40 as personal allowance + Rs. 36 as ad interim allowance, which is more than Rs. 270, the maximum proposed by the Committee, this Government propose for him only a scale of Rs. 170—10—300, the future incumbents being put on the scale of Rs. 170—10—270 as proposed by the Committee.	A part of this establishment belonging to the Roads and Buildings Branch of the Public Works Department is a transferred department.
67,828 0	13,328 0		

Statement I relating to Provincial

Serial No.	Name of office.	Present cost per annum.	MAJORITY REPORT.		MINORITY REPORT.	
			Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.	Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
15	Board of Revenue	45,000 0	55,074 0	10,074 0	52,943 0	17,943 0
16	Office of the Lady Adviser to the Court of Wards.	1,640 0	2,068 0	428 0	2,360 0	720 0
17	Office of the Director of Land Records.	18,105 0	22,860 0	4,755 0	27,252 0	9,147 0
18	Office of the Commissioner of Police.	65,444 0	1,05,908 12	38,464 12	1,22,591 0	57,147 0
19	Office of the Inspector-General of Police.	63,990 0	78,543 0	14,553 0	87,823 0	23,833 0

Reserved Departments—continued.

PROPOSALS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.		REASONS.	REMARKS.
Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.		
8	9	10	11
Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
55,074 0	10,074 0	The alternative proposals of the majority in the footnote (a) on page 33 of their report have been left aside for separate consideration by the Board of Revenue and the administrative department. The scale of Rs. 100—10—200 proposed for the stenographer may be regarded as personal to the present incumbent. Future incumbents should get the general scale of Rs. 80—5—175 proposed by the majority for stenographers in offices of heads of departments.	
2,068 0	428 0		
22,860 0	4,765 0	To save delay the alternative proposals of the majority in the footnote (a) on page 36 of their report have been left out of present consideration.	* The shorthand allowance of Rs. 20—30 has been left out.
1,12,090 0	46,646 0	The present cost includes one extra post on Rs. 60 and one post less each in the grade of Rs. 60 and Rs. 40, besides three personal allowances of Rs. 30, Rs. 25 and Rs. 20 per mensem. The proposed cost under Government's proposals, besides including the above three personal allowances, takes into account one new personal allowance of Rs. 80 per mensem for the present head assistant as proposed by the majority, and an additional post of Registrar on Rs. 400—20—600. The number of posts on the proposed scale of Rs. 200—10—250 may be increased from 1 to 2, a corresponding reduction being made in the number of posts on the proposed scale of Rs. 125—15—200. To give the two cattle munshis the usual standard percentage increase, a scale of Rs. 25—3—30—1—40 has been proposed for them.	
80,863 0	16,875 0	In view of the direct recruitment to the Upper Division in this office, the alternative proposals of the majority in the footnote (a) on page 38 of their report have been accepted. The figure for present cost includes a personal allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem to the present permanent incumbent of the post of Registrar and an extra post on Rs. 125 per mensem. This latter post has been included on its corresponding scale in the figure for proposed cost under Government's proposals. The scale of Rs. 100—10—200 proposed for the senior stenographer may be accepted as personal to the present incumbent. Future incumbents should be put on the standard scale of Rs. 80—5—175.	

Statement I relating to Provincial

Serial No.	Name of office.	Present cost per annum.	MAJORITY REPORT.		MINORITY REPORT.	
			Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.	Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
20	Office of the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department.	16,950 0	20,734 0	4,784 0	23,578 0	7,628 0
21	Office of the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Presidency Range.	5,760 0	7,844 0	2,084 0	9,893 0	4,133 0
22	Office of the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Burdwan Range.	5,580 0	7,844 0	2,264 0	9,893 0	4,313 0
23	Office of the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Dacca Range.	6,060 0	7,844 0	1,784 0	9,893 0	3,833 0
24	Office of the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Bakarganj Range.	5,760 0	7,944 0	2,084 0	9,893 0	4,133 0
25	Office of the Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahi Range.	6,000 0	7,844 0	1,844 0	9,893 0	3,893 0
26	Offices of District Superintendents of Police, Rajshahi Range.	37,020 0	60,808 0	23,788 0	72,718 0	35,698 0
27	Offices of District Superintendents of Police, Presidency Range.	27,400 0	46,630 0	19,150 0	55,830 0	28,350 0
28	Offices of District Superintendents of Police, Dacca Range.	20,580 0	31,336 0	10,816 0	37,621 0	17,041 0
29	Offices of District Superintendents of Police, Bakarganj Range.	24,600 0	38,252 0	13,652 0	45,767 0	21,167 0
30	Offices of District Superintendents of Police, Burdwan Range.	33,960 0	55,636 0	21,676 0	66,516 0	32,556 0
31	Office of the Commandant, Eastern Frontier Rifles, Dacca.	4,935 0	4,935 0	...	4,935 0	...

Reserved Departments—continued.

PROPOSALS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.		REASONS.	REMARKS.
Proposed cost per annum	Increase per annum.		
8	9	10	11
Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
20,734 0	4,784 0	The scale of Rs. 100—10—200 proposed for the stenographer may be regarded as personal to the present incumbent. Future incumbents should be put on the standard time-scale of Rs. 80—5—175.	
7,844 0	2,084 0		
7,844 0	2,264 0		
7,844 0	1,784 0		
7,844 0	2,084 0		
7,844 0	1,844 0		
51,908 0	23,788 0	One extra post of clerk on Rs. 30 per mensem left out of the proposition statement in the report has been included throughout.	
46,680 0	19,160 0		
31,396 0	10,816 0	Three posts of probationers on Rs. 15 per mensem each left out by the Committee have been included throughout.	
36,252 0	13,652 0		
55,686 0	21,676 0	One extra post of a clerk on Rs. 80 per mensem left out by the Committee has been included throughout.	
5,960 0	1,015 0		
		Not dealt with by the Committee. The scales proposed by the majority and accepted by this Government for similar posts in offices of District Superintendents of Police have been adopted here.	

* The details are as follows:—

	Average cost per mensem.
Rs. A.	
One head clerk on Rs. 80—4—100 ...	95 0
One accountant on Rs. 60—3—75 ...	71 4
Two clerks on Rs. 50—2—60 each ...	115 0
Two clerks on Rs. 30—1—50 each ...	90 0
One clerk on Rs. 40 ...	40 0
Total ...	411 4

Statement I relating to Provincial

Serial No.	Name of office.	Present cost per annum.	MAJORITY REPORT.		MINORITY REPORT.	
			Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.	Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
32	Intelligence Branch, Criminal Investigation Department.	51,400 0	57,575 0	6,175 0	57,575 0	6,175 0
33	Special Branch under the Commissioner of Police.	18,540 0	20,340 0	1,800 0	20,340 0	1,800 0
34	Office of the Director of Surveys.	78,702 0	96,990 7	18,288 7	1,01,017 7	22,315 7
35	Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons.	26,020 0	34,300 0	8,280 0	40,879 0	14,859 0
36	Office of the Legal Remembrancer.	9,120 0	12,560 0	3,440 0	13,982 0	4,862 0
37	Office of the Agent for Government Consignments.	24,639 0	24,790 0	151 0	26,724 12	2,085 12
38	Office of the Municipal Magistrate, Calcutta.	6,810 0	10,612 0	3,802 0	11,492 0	4,682 0
39	Office of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta.	30,015 0	46,832 0	16,817 0	48,880 0	18,865 0
40	Small Cause Court, Calcutta	71,292 0	1,02,729 3	31,437 3	1,15,114 6	43,822 6

Reserved Departments—continued.

PROPOSALS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.		REASONS.	REMARKS.
Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.		
8	9	10	11
Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
57,585 0	6,235 0	As it is not desirable to include the accountant now on Rs. 100—5—150 in the general scale proposed for ordinary assistants, this Government recommend for him a separate scale of Rs. 125—10—225, which has also been proposed for Upper Division assistants in offices of Deputy Inspectors-General of Police.	
20,340 0	1,800 0		
97,340 7	18,538 7	Although the standard percentage increase does not warrant it, in view of the technical nature of his work, the head assistant in the Director's office establishment may be given a scale of Rs. 150—10—250 in place of Rs. 150—10—200 proposed by the majority. The present incumbent of the post of book-binder in the record section of the Drawing Office may be allowed to draw Rs. 21 per mensem.	
34,300 0	8,280 0		
12,560 0	3,240 0		
28,980 0	4,841 0	Including an extra post of Superintendent-accountant on Rs. 250—10—300 in whose case no change is recommended and another post of typist on Rs. 30 for whom the general scale of Rs. 45—4—70 is proposed.	
11,706 6	4,896 6	The figure for present cost includes an extra clerk on Rs. 30 per mensem and a warrant bailiff on Rs. 15 per mensem. Under Government's proposals they have been put on Rs. 40—4—45—4—100 and Rs. 20—4—32, respectively.	
46,622 0	16,817 0	As the post of Registrar is being held by a Sub-Deputy Collector for the last 14 years and its pay is being separately revised, it has been left out of present consideration.	
1,00,937 8	29,645 8	A separate scale of Rs. 80—4—120 is proposed for the checking writer now on Rs. 75. The two probationers on Rs. 15 each, included by the Committee in the Upper Division, have been transferred to the Lower Division.	

Statement I relating to Provincial

Serial No.	Name of office.	Present cost per annum.	MAJORITY REPORT.		MINORITY REPORT.	
			Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.	Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
41	Office of the Conservator of Forests.	18,425 0	22,990 0	4,565 0	26,573 0	7,148 0
42	Divisional Forest offices ...	25,500 0	33,636 0	8,136 0	40,666 0	15,166 0
43	Calcutta Collectorate, general cadre.	45,045 0	66,893 0	21,848 0	78,631 0	33,586 0
44	Office of the Superintendent, Royal Botanic Garden, Calcutta, and of Cinchona Cultivation in Bengal.	13,416 3	18,867 0	5,440 13	21,577 0	8,160 13
45	Lloyd Botanic Garden, Darjeeling.	520 0	652 0	132 0	784 0	264 0
46	Quinine Factory at Mungpoo	1,080 0	1,234 0	154 0	1,584 0	504 0
47	Office of the Administrator-General and Official Trustee.	66,823 0	91,650 0	24,827 0	1,13,934 0	47,111 0
48	Office of the Coroner of Calcutta.	1,040 0	1,200 0	160 0	1,224 0	184 0
49	Office of the Committee of Legal Education.	1,200 0	1,725 0	525 0	1,860 0	660 0
50	Office of the Public Prosecutor at the Police Court, Calcutta.	3,180 0	4,928 0	1,748 0	4,750 0†	1,570 0†

Reserved Department—continued.

PROPOSALS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.		Reasons.	REMARKS.
Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.		
8	9	10	11
Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
22,990 0	4,565 0	One post of an accountant on Rs. 125—5—150, not included in the report and the note of dissent, for which no change of pay is necessary has been added throughout.	
33,696 0	8,136 0	One extra post on Rs. 65—4—85 and one on Rs. 50 omitted by the Committee have been added throughout.	
68,983 0	23,948 0	The value of the following extra posts has been added to the present cost and that proposed by Government :— (1) One stamp vendor on Rs. 40. (2) Two treasurer's assistants on Rs. 20 and Rs. 15—1—20, respectively. For the latter Government proposes a scale of Rs. 40—1—50; for the former a scale of Rs. 60—1—85. The latter scale is also proposed for one stamp vendor on Rs. 40 included by the Committee in their statement. For another stamp vendor on Rs. 70 shown in the report a scale of Rs. 80—5—110 has been adopted.	The cost of this establishment is debitable partly to Excise budget and partly to Land Revenue and Stamp budgets. But as a clear division is not possible, the whole establishment has been shown in this list.
18,857 0	5,440 13		
654 0	184 0		
1,454 0	394 0	The scale of Rs. 50—1—75 proposed in the note of dissent for the sub-overseer gives a moderate improvement and has, therefore, been accepted.	
92,000 0*	26,177 0*	* This is inclusive of an extra post of a collecting durwan now on Rs. 21-8 per mensem for whom a scale of Rs. 25—1—35 has been proposed by this Government.	
1,200 0	160 0	.....	The present clerk, who has nearly 20 years' service and who has been on the maximum of Rs. 100 for nearly 10 years, will draw on the new scale Rs. 120.
1,725 0	525 0		
4,928 0	1,748 0	One extra post of typist on Rs. 40 per mensem omitted in the report has been added.	† Not including the extra post of typist on Rs. 40.

Statement 1 relating to Provincial

Serial No.	Name of office.	Present cost per annum.	MAJORITY REPORT.		MINORITY REPORT.	
			Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.	Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
51	Office of Indian Law Reporters, Calcutta Series.	1,056 0	1,200 0	144 0	1,500 0	444 0
52	Office of the Superintendent, Governor's Estates.	8,820 0	10,444 13	1,624 13	11,963 0	3,143 0
53	Superintending Engineer, South-Western Circle.	56,590 0	55,955 0	19,205 0	62,365 0	25,775 0
54	Executive Engineer, Circular and Eastern Canals Division.	12,510 0	18,339 0	5,829 0	21,769 0	9,259 0
55	Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.	5,750 0	8,193 0	2,443 0	9,213 0	4,063 0
56	Executive Engineer, Coxsya Division.	11,760 0	11,760 0	...	11,760 0	...

Reserved Departments—continued.

PROPOSALS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.		REMARKS.																																				
Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.																																					
8	9	10																																				
Rs. A.	Rs. A.																																					
1,200 0	144 0																																					
11,884 13	5,054 13	In order to give the standard percentage increase, a scale of Rs. 60--3--80--1--120 has been proposed for the draftsman and estimator. The present cost and that proposed by this Government include 4 duty allowances of Rs. 20 each and 3 duty allowances of Rs. 10 each at present drawn by some members of this office for work in connection with Belvedere.																																				
57,820 0	21,230 0	The pay of the second correspondence clerk is Rs. 100 fixed and not Rs. 80--4--100. There is one probationer estimator on Rs. 35. There is also one probationer draftsman on Rs. 25. There is no post of unpassed accounts clerk on Rs. 60--2--60. The present cost and that proposed by Government have been worked out accordingly.																																				
18,993 0	6,483 0	The pay of the kutnavia shown in the report to be Rs. 18 is Rs. 20. One Subdivisional Officer's clerk on Rs. 30 has been omitted by the Committee. The present cost and that proposed by this Government have been worked out on the above lines.																																				
8,847 0	3,117 0	The present cost includes one extra post of a clerk on Rs. 30 and a personal allowance of Rs. 5, drawn by a Subdivisional Officer's clerk on Rs. 30, left out by the Committee. The cost proposed by this Government includes the former on the corresponding proposed scale of Rs. 35--35--40--2--68--1--80.																																				
20,421 0	8,661 0	Only partially dealt with by the Committee. The following is the actual list of posts:— <table> <tr> <th></th><th>Present pay.</th><th>Pay proposed by this Government.</th></tr> <tr> <td>6 Subdivisional clerks</td><td>35</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>1 Store-keeper</td><td>45</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>4 Subdivisional cashiers</td><td>45</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>2 Toll collectors</td><td>35</td><td>35--35--40</td></tr> <tr> <td>5 " "</td><td>30</td><td>--2--68--1</td></tr> <tr> <td>5 " "</td><td>25</td><td>--80.</td></tr> <tr> <td>4 " "</td><td>20</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>1 Assistant toll collector</td><td>30</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>1 Assistant toll collector</td><td>15</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>1 Muharrir</td><td>35</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>2 Revenue munshis</td><td>35</td><td>30--1--55</td></tr> </table>		Present pay.	Pay proposed by this Government.	6 Subdivisional clerks	35		1 Store-keeper	45		4 Subdivisional cashiers	45		2 Toll collectors	35	35--35--40	5 " "	30	--2--68--1	5 " "	25	--80.	4 " "	20		1 Assistant toll collector	30		1 Assistant toll collector	15		1 Muharrir	35		2 Revenue munshis	35	30--1--55
	Present pay.	Pay proposed by this Government.																																				
6 Subdivisional clerks	35																																					
1 Store-keeper	45																																					
4 Subdivisional cashiers	45																																					
2 Toll collectors	35	35--35--40																																				
5 " "	30	--2--68--1																																				
5 " "	25	--80.																																				
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2 Revenue munshis	35	30--1--55																																				

Statement I relating to Provincial

Serial No.	Name of office.	Present cost per annum.	MAJORITY REPORT.		MINORITY REPORT.	
			Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.	Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
57	Circle Officer, Revenue Division, Midnapore	7,232 0	11,809 0	4,577 0	13,204 0	5,972 0
58	Superintending Engineer, Canals, Northern Circle.	42,650 0	60,697 0	27,047 0	75,832 0	33,182 0
59	Executive Engineer, Darjeeling Division.	2,160 0	2,816 0	456 0	3,136 0	976 0
60	Executive Engineer, Rajshahi Division.	1,440 0	1,952 0	522 0	2,352 0	912 0
61	Executive Engineer, Jalpaiguri Division.	1,920 0	2,616 0	696 0	3,136 0	1,216 0
62	Executive Engineer, Dooars Road Division.	480 0	654 0	174 0	784 0	304 0
63	Public Works office, Chittagong Hill Tracts.	2,940 0	8,506 0	3,566 0	6,026 0	3,986 0
64	Lower Division of offices of Commissioners of Divisions.	59,340 0	96,624 0	37,284 0	1,13,216 0	53,870 0
65	District Judges' establishment (Lower Division).	8,76,540 0	14,83,926 0	6,07,386 0	17,76,896 0	9,02,356 0

Reserved Departments—continued.

PROPOSALS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.		REASONS.	REMARKS.
Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.		
8	9	10	11
Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
11,909 0	4,577 0		
67,339 0	24,889 0	<p>The proposition statements in the report contain the following mistakes which have been rectified in working out the present cost and that proposed by this Government:—</p> <p>There are one post of correspondence clerk on Rs. 100 fixed and five on Rs. 55—6—85 in place of two on Rs. 80—4—100 and four on Rs. 55—6—85 as shown. One personal allowance of Rs. 15 for the present man on Rs. 100 has not been shown.</p> <p>Two personal allowances of Rs. 30 and Rs. 10 at present drawn by two unpassed accounts clerks have not been shown.</p> <p>The number of draftsmen on Rs. 35—3—50 is 7 and not 8 as shown. There is one tracer on Rs. 25—2—85, for whom a scale of Rs. 40—2—80 is proposed.</p> <p>The number of estimators on Rs. 60—4—70 is 3 and not 4 as shown.</p>	
2,616 0	456 0		
1,962 0	522 0		
2,616 0	696 0		
654 0	174 0		
6,506 0	3,566 0		
96,624 0	37,284 0	<p>The calculation is based on the following actual number of posts:—</p> <p>7 posts on Rs. 70 each.</p> <p>12 " " " 60 "</p> <p>24 " " " 50 "</p> <p>32 " " " 40 "</p> <p>32 " " " 30 "</p> <p>7 probationers on Rs. 25 each.</p> <p>8 " " " 15 "</p> <p>Total 122.</p>	
14,83,926 0	6,07,886 0	<p>The calculation is based on the following actual number of posts:—</p> <p>170 clerks on Rs. 60 each.</p> <p>91 " " " 45 "</p> <p>454 " " " 40 "</p> <p>172 " " " 35 "</p> <p>889 " " " 30 "</p> <p>249 " " " 25 "</p> <p>127 probationers on Rs. 15 each.</p> <p>107 " " " 10 "</p> <p>Total 2,269</p>	

Statement I relating to Provincial

Serial No.	Name of office.	Present cost per annum.	MAJORITY REPORT.		MINORITY REPORT.	
			Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.	Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
66	Offices of District Officers (Lower Division).	8,72,940 0	14,88,146 0	5,65,206 0	17,24,810 0	8,51,076 0
67	Non-clerical posts in the Land Acquisition establishment of the Collector of the 24 Parganas.	1,740 0	2,370 0	630 0	2,880 0	1,140 0
68	Excluded or special departments in district offices (Lower Division).	26,970 0	42,510 0	15,540 0	50,960 0	23,990 0
69	Collecting, survey and miscellaneous staff of the Khasnabad Depart.	57,796 0	92,550 0	34,754 0	1,03,494 0	45,698 0
70	Jail Depot, Calcutta	1,680 0	2,660 0	870 0	2,775 0	1,095 0

Reserved Departments—continued.

PROPOSALS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.		Reasons.	Remarks.
Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum		
8	9	10	11
Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
14,38,146 0	5,65,200 0	The calculation is based on the following actual number of posts :— 119 clerks on Rs. 50 each. 192 " " 45 " 400 " " 40 " 485 " " 35 " 579 " " 30 " 200 " " 25 " 114 probationers on Rs. 15 each. 110 " " 10 " Total 2,199	
2,870 0	630 0		
42,510 0	15,540 0	The Land Acquisition establishment under the Collectors of Dacca and Chittagong, the colonization establishment under the Collector of Bakarganj and the Partition establishment under the Collector of Rajshahi are temporary and have been omitted. One Khammahal clerk on Rs. 30 under the Collector of Malda, one clerk on Rs. 40, two on Rs. 35 and two on Rs. 30 on the Khammahal establishment of the Collector of Chittagong and one Khammahal probationer on Rs. 15 under the Collector of Noakhali have been added. There are one peahkar on Rs. 45 and not two and four muharirs on Rs. 35 and not three in the Khammahal establishment of the Deputy Commissioner of Jalpaiguri.	
27,090 0	29,294 0	The establishments in Midnapore and Howrah, which are temporary, and that in Hooghly, which forms part of the general cadre of the district office, have been omitted. In Bakarganj there are seven clerks on Rs. 25 each and not eight. In Darjeeling three posts of amins on Rs. 30 have been shown in the report in place of one existing post on Rs. 35. In Murshidabad there is no post of tahsildar on Rs. 25 as shown in the report. The present cost and that proposed by this Government have been worked out accordingly.	
2,550 0	870 0		

Statement I relating to Provincial

Serial No.	Name of office.	Present cost per annum.	MAJORITY REPORT.		MINORITY REPORT.	
			Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.	Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
71	Central Jails ...	10,376 0	14,445 0	4,069 0	15,398 0	5,022 0
72	Subsidiary Jails ...	11,184 0	19,488 0	8,304 0	20,160 0	8,976 0
73	Juvenile Jail (Cinchona establishment).	930 0	1,490 0	560 0	1,652 0	722 0
74	Juvenile Jail (Quinine industry department).	2,840 0	3,925 0	985 0	4,370 0	1,530 0
75	Port Office, Chittagong, and attached offices.	3,300 0	4,080 0	780 0	4,252 0	952 0
76	Traffic registration establishment.	15,325 0	26,881 0	11,506 0	30,781 0	15,456 0

Reserved Departments—continued.

PROPOSALS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.		Reasons.	REMARKS.															
Proposed cost per annum.	Increase per annum.																	
8	9	10	11															
Rs. A.	Rs. A.																	
14,925 0	4,649 0	The present cost, and that proposed by Government include a house allowance and a local allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem each for the post of accountant on Rs. 80. The present cost also includes a personal allowance of Rs. 8 per mensem drawn by the present draftsman on Rs. 40.																
20,856 0	9,672 0	The present cost and that proposed by this Government are based on the following actual number of posts :— 34 whole-time posts on Rs. 20 each. 21 part-time " " " 12 "																
1,490 0	560 0																	
3,885 0	1,045 0	In order to give the standard percentage increase, a pay of Rs 50 as proposed in the note of dissent is recommended for the overseer.																
1,640 0	1,340 0	The present cost includes a post of a clerk and typist on Rs. 40, recently sanctioned for the Port Office. A pay of Rs. 35—35—40— $\frac{1}{2}$ —60 has been proposed for it by this Government, and the cost proposed by this Government includes the average of this scale.																
23,871 0	11,046 0	The present cost and that proposed by this Government include the following posts for Jalpaiguri in place of those shown in the proposition statement on page 111 of the report :— <table><tr><th>No. of posts.</th><th>Present pay.</th><th>Proposed pay.</th></tr><tr><td></td><td>Rs.</td><td>Rs.</td></tr><tr><td>One clerk for whole year ...</td><td>25</td><td>30—$\frac{1}{2}$—40—1—45</td></tr><tr><td>One clerk for six months a year ...</td><td>20</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>One clerk for five months a year ...</td><td>20</td><td>30</td></tr></table>	No. of posts.	Present pay.	Proposed pay.		Rs.	Rs.	One clerk for whole year ...	25	30— $\frac{1}{2}$ —40—1—45	One clerk for six months a year ...	20	30	One clerk for five months a year ...	20	30	
No. of posts.	Present pay.	Proposed pay.																
	Rs.	Rs.																
One clerk for whole year ...	25	30— $\frac{1}{2}$ —40—1—45																
One clerk for six months a year ...	20	30																
One clerk for five months a year ...	20	30																